State of South Carolina 457 Deferred Compensation Plan and Trust

Report on Financial Statements

For the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority Columbia, South Carolina

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the State of South Carolina 457 Deferred Compensation Plan and Trust (the Plan) which comprise the statements of net position available for benefits as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the related statements of changes in net position available for benefits for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the State of South Carolina 457 Deferred Compensation Plan and Trust as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the respective changes in financial position for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 4 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Columbia, South Carolina June 19, 2015

Elliott Sairis Decosimo, LLC

State of South Carolina 457 Deferred Compensation Plan and Trust Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013

This discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the State of South Carolina 457 Deferred Compensation Plan and Trust (the Plan) provides an overview of the Plan's financial activities as of and for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013. It is intended to be a narrative supplement to the Plan's financial statements.

Using this Financial Report

Because of the long-term nature of a deferred compensation plan, financial statements alone cannot provide sufficient information to properly reflect the Plan's ongoing plan perspective. This financial report consists of two financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

The Statement of Net Position Available for Benefits reports the Plan's assets, liabilities and resulting net position where Assets - Liabilities = Net Position Available for Benefits at the end of the Plan's year. It can be thought of as a snapshot of the financial position of the Plan at that specific point in time.

The Statement of Changes in Net Position Available for Benefits reports the Plan's transactions that occurred during the year where Additions - Deductions = Change in Net Position Available for Benefits. It can be thought of as a recording of events that occurred over the specified time period of a year and supports the changes that have occurred to the prior year's Plan net position value on the Statement of Net Position Available for Benefits.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements and include additional information not readily evident in the statements themselves.

Plan Highlights

The following Plan highlights occurred during the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013:

- There were 23,774 and 24,431 participant accounts at the end of the 2014 and 2013 fiscal years, respectively, which is a decrease of 657 and 735 participant accounts, respectively.
- Net position available for benefits increased by approximately \$14 million during 2014 as compared to an increase of approximately \$59 million during 2013. This decrease in the change in net position available for benefits was primarily attributable to lower net investment earnings during 2014 than during 2013.
- Net investment earnings decreased by approximately \$36 million, or 43.25 percent, during 2014 as compared to net investment earnings during 2013. This decrease was primarily due to the decrease in market gains from 2013 to 2014. The S&P 500 and Dow Jones Industrial Average gained 29.6 percent and 26.5 percent during 2013, respectively, compared to gains of 11.4 percent and 7.5 percent during 2014, respectively. In addition, the majority of the Plan's mutual funds distributed more share dividends during 2014 than 2013. These distributions increased the participant's number of shares owned while decreasing the share price subsequent to the dividend date. Dividend distributions are required by the IRS when the mutual fund incurs a realized gain on their investment. Since the Plan is a tax deferred plan, this did not represent a taxable event to its participants.
- Administrative expenses totaled just over \$1.3 million during 2014, which represented an increase of approximately 1.91 percent from 2013. This increase was primarily due to investment management and Plan administration fees, which generally increase proportionally with the total net position available for benefits. During 2014 and 2013, Plan management elected to reimburse revenue sharing income of approximately \$232,000 and \$256,000, respectively, to participants in order to help offset their Plan administrative fees.
- Benefit payments increased by approximately \$5.8 million, or 8.95 percent, during 2014. This increase is likely due, in part, to the maturing population of the Plan.

State of South Carolina 457 Deferred Compensation Plan and Trust

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As of and for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013

Summary comparative statements

Plan net position

	Decem	ber 31,	Increase/ (Decrease)	Increase/ (Decrease)
	2014	2013	Amount	Percent
Assets				
Fixed income investments	\$ 525,818,373	\$ 542,615,909	\$ (16,797,536)	(3.10)%
Other investments	405,889,357	375,292,192	30,597,165	8.15 %
Receivables, net of allowance	6,438,642	6,253,743	184,899	2.96 %
Total assets	938,146,372	924,161,844	13,984,528	1.51 %
Total Plan net position	\$ 938,146,372	\$ 924,161,844	\$ 13,984,528	1.51 %

Changes in Plan net position

	For the years ended December 31,					Increase/ (Decrease) Amount	Increase/ (Decrease) Percent
Additions		2014		2013		Amount	Percent
Net investment earnings Contributions	\$	47,519,732 37,933,763	\$	83,733,631 40,541,195	\$	(36,213,899) (2,607,432)	(43.25)% (6.43)%
Revenue sharing income Miscellaneous income		231,858 94,300		255,675 108,129		(2,007,432) (23,817) (13,829)	(9.32)% (12.79)%
Total additions	. <u> </u>	85,779,653		124,638,630		(38,858,977)	(31.18)%
Deductions							
Benefit payments Increase (decrease) in allowance		70,476,082		64,684,411		5,791,671	8.95 %
for notes receivable losses		(7,547)		140,369		(147,916)	(105.38)%
Administrative expenses		1,326,590		1,301,671		24,919	1.91 %
Total deductions		71,795,125		66,126,451		5,668,674	8.57 %
Increase in Plan net position	13,984,528		58,512,179			(44,527,651)	(76.10)%
Beginning Plan net position		924,161,844		865,649,665		58,512,179	6.76 %
Ending Plan net position	\$	938,146,372	\$	924,161,844	\$	13,984,528	1.51 %

State of South Carolina 457 Deferred Compensation Plan and Trust

Statements of Net Position Available for Benefits December 31, 2014 and 2013

	2014			2013
Assets				
Fixed income investments, at fair value				
Stable value fund	\$	281,386,469	\$	275,677,817
84-month guaranteed investment contracts		244,431,904		266,938,092
Other investments, at fair value				
Mutual funds		342,475,920		319,052,855
Target retirement funds		57,762,721		52,093,196
Schwab self-directed brokerage account		5,650,716		4,146,141
Notes receivable from participants, net of allowance				
of \$5,020,476 and \$5,028,023, respectively		6,438,642		6,253,743
Total assets		938,146,372		924,161,844
Net position available for benefits	\$	938,146,372	\$	924,161,844

State of South Carolina 457 Deferred Compensation Plan and Trust

Statements of Changes in Net Position Available for Benefits For the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013

	2014		2013
Additions			
Investment income	\$ 34,691,579	\$	25,520,925
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	12,828,153		58,212,706
Contributions from participants	37,933,763		40,541,195
Revenue sharing income	231,858		255,675
Miscellaneous income	 94,300	_	108,129
Total additions	 85,779,653		124,638,630
Deductions			
Benefit payments	70,476,082		64,684,411
Increase (decrease) in allowance for			
notes receivable losses	(7,547)		140,369
Administrative expenses	1,326,590		1,301,671
Total deductions	71,795,125		66,126,451
Net increase	 13,984,528		58,512,179
Net position available for benefits,			
Beginning of year	924,161,844		865,649,665
End of year	\$ 938,146,372	\$	924,161,844

Note 1. General Description of the Plan

The following description of the State of South Carolina 457 Deferred Compensation Plan and Trust (the Plan) is provided for general information only. Users of the financial statements should refer to the Plan Document for complete information.

<u>General:</u>

The Plan is a defined contribution plan which was established by the South Carolina General Assembly on May 11, 1977 through Act 97. Enrollment in the Plan began in August 1980, and the first contributions were made in September 1980. The South Carolina Deferred Compensation Commission (the Commission), established in Chapter 23 of Title 8 of the State of South Carolina (the State) Code of Laws, was the trustee of the Plan through December 31, 2013. Effective after December 31, 2013, the Commission was abolished and all of the functions and duties of the Commission were devolved upon the Board of Directors of the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA).

In September 2009, the Commission selected Great-West Retirement Services (Great-West) as the third party administrator for the Plan effective January 1, 2010.

Approximately 482 South Carolina public sector entities (the employers) have employees who participate in the Plan. These entities include state agencies, counties, municipalities, colleges and universities, and special purpose districts.

<u>Eligibility:</u>

Under Plan provisions, any employee who elects to participate in the Plan is eligible. Contributions to the Plan are made through payroll deductions from their total compensation subject to certain limits. At December 31, 2014 and 2013, there were 23,774 and 24,431 participant accounts in the Plan, respectively.

Contributions:

For the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, participants could elect salary deferral contributions to reduce their compensation by not less than \$10 per pay period and not more than 100% of their compensation; not to exceed the maximum contribution allowed by the IRS, which was \$17,500 for 2014 and 2013. An election must be made in dollar increments per pay period. For participants age 50 or older, the IRS allows a catch-up contribution of \$5,500 per year for a maximum contribution of \$23,000 for 2014 and 2013. A separate catch-up contribution is allowed in the last three years preceding a participant's year of retirement, not to exceed twice the annual limit (\$35,000 for 2014 and 2013). Participants are not allowed to make both catch-up contributions in the same year. Amounts contributed on a pre-tax basis by participants are deferred, subject to the limitations above, for federal and state income tax purposes until benefits are paid to the participants.

Effective January 1, 2009, the Plan was amended to provide for matching contributions at the discretion of the employer. This amendment permits employers to make contributions to the Plan on behalf of each employee who is a participant and who is active during the Plan year at an amount to be determined by the employer. Contribution limits are the same whether the contribution is made by the employee or by the employer.

Effective January 1, 2011, the Plan was amended to provide for Roth contributions. This amendment permits employees to contribute to the Plan with after-tax dollars.

Note 1. General Description of the Plan, Continued

Participant accounts:

Each participant's account is credited with the participant's salary deferral contributions, employer discretionary contributions and Plan earnings or losses, and charged with an allocation of third party administrator fees. The third party administrator fee allocations are based on participant account balances.

Vesting:

Participants are vested immediately in both their employee and employer contributions plus actual earnings thereon.

Notes receivable from participants:

Participants may borrow from their retirement plan accounts provided the note is at least \$2,500 and not more than the greater of 50% of their vested account balance or \$50,000. The notes are repayable in one to five years except for notes for the purchase of a primary residence which may be paid back over twenty years. Interest is charged at a fixed rate over the term of the note. The note's interest rate is established based upon a prime interest rate plus an additional 2%, as listed in the Wall Street Journal on the last business day of the month prior to origination. Interest rates charged on participant notes ranged from 5.25% to 10.25% for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013. The participant is charged a \$50 issuance fee at the initiation of the note and a quarterly maintenance fee of \$6.25 throughout the year.

If a participant fails to repay a note at maturity or fails to make a scheduled payment by the end of the quarter following the quarter in which the payment was due, the note plus accrued interest is considered to be in default. If a defaulted note was issued prior to January 1, 2002, or if the participant is no longer active, the note is written off of the Plan's books. Due to Internal Revenue Service (IRS) recordkeeping regulations, if the defaulted note was issued after January 1, 2002, and the participant is still active, the note remains on the Plan's books. Management believes it is unlikely that such notes will be repaid since they have been reported to the participant and the IRS as withdrawals from the Plan. Therefore, management has recorded a 100% reserve for such notes.

Payment of benefits:

Participants may withdraw the present value of funds contributed to the Plan upon severance of employment from a participating employer, attainment of age 59½, or due to financial hardship, which requires approval of Great-West on behalf of PEBA. In the event of a participant's death, the participant's beneficiary would be entitled to the present value of funds contributed to the Plan. Participants may take a rollover from the Plan in order to purchase service credit in a defined benefit governmental plan such as the South Carolina Retirement System.

Participants may select various payout options including lump-sum payments or installment payments for the following: a fixed period of time, a fixed dollar amount until the account is exhausted, or payments throughout the participants' life expectancy or joint life expectancy with a spouse.

Reclassifications:

Certain items in the 2013 financial statements have been reclassified to be consistent with the 2014 presentation. Such reclassifications had no effect on the Statements of Net Position Available for Benefits or the Statements of Changes in Net Position Available for Benefits.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Plan have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following are the significant accounting policies used in preparing the accompanying financial statements of the Plan.

Basis of accounting:

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, including all applicable effective statements of the GASB and the accrual basis of accounting.

Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires PEBA to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and the changes therein and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Investment valuation and income recognition:

The Plan's investments are stated at fair value. If available, quoted market prices are used to value investments. Mutual funds and the Schwab self-directed brokerage account are valued at the net position value of shares held by the Plan at year end. Notes receivable from participants are valued at their unpaid balances plus accrued interest less an allowance for amounts deemed uncollectible by management. Units of target retirement funds are stated at fair value as provided by their issuer, State Street Global Advisors, based on quoted market prices of the investments held in the collective trust fund.

The fair value of the Stable Value Fund is determined as of the close of trading on each valuation date. Shortterm securities with a maturity of 60 days or less are valued on the basis of amortized cost, due to their relatively short reset. Fixed income securities in the underlying account are normally valued on the basis of quotations from brokers or dealers or pricing services, which take into account appropriate factors such as institutional-size trading similar groups of securities, yield, quality, coupon rate, maturity, type of issue, trading characteristics and other market data.

Management considers all 84-month guaranteed investment contracts (GICs) to be "nonparticipating contracts" as defined in the GASB Codification Sec. 150, *Investments*. 84-month GICs are nonnegotiable and have redemption terms that do not consider future market rates. Management has reported the 84-month GICs using a cost-based measure, under the assumption that the fair value of those contracts is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or other factors. The reported balance at December 31, 2014 and 2013 represents contributions received, plus interest credited less applicable charges and amounts withdrawn.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Investment valuation and income recognition (continued):

Purchases and sales of securities are recorded on a trade-date basis. Investment income is recorded on the accrual basis. Dividends are recorded on the ex-dividend date. Net realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments are included in the net appreciation in fair value of investments as reported on the statement of changes in net position available for benefits.

Administrative expenses:

All direct expenses of maintaining the Plan are paid from the Plan's net position.

New accounting pronouncements - adopted:

Effective for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014, the Plan adopted GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities.

Subsequent events:

These financial statements have not been updated for subsequent events occurring after June 19, 2015, which is the date these financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 3. Investments

The Plan's investments are subject to various risks. Among these risks are custodial credit risk, credit risk, concentration of credit risk and interest rate risk. Each one of these risks is discussed in more detail below.

Custodial credit risk - Custodial credit risk, as it relates to investments, is the risk that in the event of the failure of the custodian, the Plan will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of the third-party. The Plan's investment securities are exposed to a minimal level of custodial credit risk as they are held in segregated trust accounts with the custodian but in the name of the Plan.

Credit risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or the counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The credit risk of a debt instrument is measured by nationally recognized statistical rating agencies such as Moody's Investor Services (Moody's), Standard & Poor's (S&P), and Fitch Ratings (Fitch). The Plan manages the overall credit risk of its fixed income investments by requiring the Stable Value Fund and 84-month GIC's manager, Great-West Life & Annuity Insurance Company (the Company), to invest in accordance with PEBA's approved Statement of Investment Policy (the Policy).

Note 3. Investments, Continued

The Policy lists the primary objective of the Stable Value Fund to preserve principal and provide a stable, competitive rate of return. The Company is permitted to invest Plan assets in investment grade fixed income instruments, including those of the U.S. Government and its agencies, corporate bonds, and mortgage and asset-backed securities. According to the Company's contract with the Plan (the Contract), the Company must maintain or exceed an overall weighted average credit quality rating by Moody's of "Aa2" (or equivalent of Aa2) within the Stable Value Fund at all times. At the time of issuance, investments must meet or exceed the following Moody's credit ratings; Commercial paper - P, Corporate bonds - A3, and Asset backed securities, agency-mortgage backed securities, agency-collateralized mortgage obligations, and commercial mortgage backed securities - Aaa.

The primary objective for the 84-month GICs is to preserve principal while maintaining a rate of return comparable to other similar fixed income investments without market fluctuations. Each 84-month GIC is backed by the financial strength of the issuing company, whose crediting must exceed an "A2" rating (or equivalent of A2) as measured by Moody's at the time of issuance. The Company is expected to exercise due care and diligence in making investment decisions.

Concentration of credit risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. PEBA places no limit on the amount the Plan may invest in any one 84-month GIC issuer.

The Contract dictates that amounts in the Stable Value Fund must be invested in accordance with the following concentration limits:

- A minimum of 50% of the account assets must be invested in U.S. Treasury debt, agency-mortgage backed securities or collateralized mortgage obligations.
- A maximum of 35% of the account assets may be invested in corporate bonds or asset-backed securities.
- A maximum of 20% of the account assets may be invested individually in either corporate bonds or asset-backed securities.
- No more than 15% of the account assets may be invested in corporate securities rated "A2" (or equivalent of A2) as measured by Moody's.
- No more than 5% of the account assets may be invested in any one corporate issuer (including assetbacked securities). For purposes of diversification, each asset-backed or non-agency mortgage-backed securities will be treated as a separate issuer.

Interest rate risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Contract limits the Stable Value Fund's average duration to not exceed 5 years. Duration is a theoretical measurement that gauges the sensitivity of a particular bond to changes in interest rates based on current prepayment speeds and scheduled interest payments. The average duration at December 31, 2014 and 2013 was 3.20 years and 4.00 years, respectively. The investment in guaranteed investment contracts and funding agreements is limited to a term of 84 months or less.

Refer to Footnote 4, Stable Value Fund, and Footnote 5, 84-month Guaranteed Investment Contracts for tables summarizing the fixed income investments by their credit rating and future maturities.

Note 4. Stable Value Fund

The Stable Value Fund (the Fund) is an investment option of the Plan in which bond securities are held as underlying investments in a segregated trust for participants. The Company is the Fund manager for the Plan. All monies invested in the Fund are maintained and held separate and apart from the Company's general account and any other investment account the Company may have. In addition, the Company has assumed sole responsibility of providing wrap coverage in order to guarantee return of the participants' principal and accrued interest.

This investment seeks to preserve principal value and provide a relatively stable rate of interest income. The objective of the Fund is to achieve returns, which over time exceed the returns on bank savings accounts and money market funds. The Fund invests in securities issued by the U.S. Government or one of its agencies, as well as high-grade corporate bonds, and mortgage and asset-backed securities.

Quarterly interest rates are declared by the Company prior to each calendar quarter for participant accounts based upon factors such as the current yield of the investments held by the Fund and Fund expenses. Once declared, the effective interest rates are guaranteed for the calendar quarter. The quarterly effective interest rate declared each calendar quarter applies to all assets in the Fund regardless of the date of deposit. Interest is credited to the participants' accounts in the Fund daily, at a rate which compounds to the effective rate for the quarter.

The total of all participant and unallocated Plan account balances in the Fund as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 was \$276,905,373 and \$274,388,282, respectively. The fair value of the Fund as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 included interest and gains or losses on investments which had not been allocated to participant accounts as of the plan year-end.

The following represents the Fund's annual interest rate credited to participants for the quarters during the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013:

1Q 2014	2.70%	1Q 2013	3.00%
2Q 2014	2.65%	2Q 2013	2.85%
3Q 2014	2.65%	3Q 2013	2.85%
4Q 2014	2.65%	4Q 2013	2.80%

The following represents the fair value of the Fund's underlying investments by fixed income sector:

		2014	<u> </u>	2013 Reclassified)
Fixed Income Sector			()	(celassifica)
Agency - Mortgage Backed Securities	\$	150,638,004	\$	156,253,781
Agency - Collateralized Mortgage Obligations		11,717,679		7,904,906
Agency - Commercial Mortgage Backed Securities		17,795,156		11,230,382
Agency Securities		7,240,222		5,411,214
Asset Backed Securities		15,843,651		11,793,926
Non-Agency – Mortgage Backed Securities		19,928,073		18,916,338
Corporate Bonds		49,931,878		55,680,571
Cash and Equivalents		8,291,806		<u>8,486,699</u>
	<u>\$</u>	281,386,469	<u>\$</u>	275,677,817

Note 4. Stable Value Fund, Continued

The following represents the fair value of the Fund's underlying investments by their Moody's Credit Rating:

		2014	 2013	
Moody's Credit Rating				
Ааа	\$	211,226,631	\$ 204,203,728	
Aa1		3,935,497	2,612,582	
Aa2		2,858,348	3,695,813	
Aa3		8,628,099	8,659,334	
A1		10,860,298	12,467,204	
A2		13,008,136	13,617,988	
A3		7,854,731	11,249,495	
Baa1		3,443,119	3,074,063	
Baa2		826,197	132,127	
P-1		8,291,806	8,486,699	
Not Rated		10,453,607	 7,478,784	
	\$	281,386,469	\$ 275,677,817	

The following represents the fair value of the Fund's underlying investments by their future maturities:

		2014		2013
Maturities in Years				
Less than 1	\$	11,337,867	\$	9,458,189
1-5		63,146,222		42,577,966
5 - 10		47,229,536		59,457,087
10 - 15		37,664,734		36,242,972
15 - 20		38,701,566		40,064,990
20 - 25		12,871,667		3,266,228
25 - 30		61,582,102		78,100,580
More than 30		<u>8,852,775</u>		6,509,805
	<u>\$</u>	281,386,469	<u>\$</u>	275,677,817

Mortgage backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations make up the majority of investments with maturities exceeding 10 years. The fair values of these securities are based on cash flows from principal and interest payments of the underlying mortgages and are subject to the credit worthiness of the individual mortgagors. These securities are sensitive to prepayments, which are likely in an environment of declining interest rates, and thereby reduce the value of the security.

Note 5. 84-Month Guaranteed Investment Contracts

84-month GICs are deposited quarterly with insurance companies who invest the funds in their general asset account. The insurance companies provide a guarantee of principal and a guaranteed quarterly interest rate. As such, the 84-month GICs are subject to credit risk associated with the individual insurance company issuer. Each participant does not have access to or the ability to reinvest in the 84-month GIC until the 84-month maturity period is over.

The following are the interest rate ranges by year for 84-month GICs based on the date purchased:

Rates in effect during year purchased											
2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014					
4.74-5.43%	4.26-5.00%	2.90-3.95%	2.00-3.00%	1.65-2.25%	1.30-2.05%	1.75-1.85%					

The following represents a summary of each 84-month GIC issuer, Moody's credit rating, and future maturities:

	Moody's		December 31, 2014						
	Credit	_		Maturiti	es ir	n years			
	<u>Rating</u>	Le	ess than 1	<u> </u>	_	3 - 5		5 - 7	 Total
Metropolitan Life Insurance									
Company	Aa3	\$	11,608,922	\$ 35,166,053	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 46,774,975
New York Life Insurance Company	Aaa		6,732,865	-		-		-	6,732,865
Hartford Life Insurance Company Great-West Life & Annuity	Baa2*		6,213,321	-		-		-	6,213,321
Insurance Company	Aa3		1,716,636	34,256,370		98,072,316		50,665,421	 <u>184,710,743</u>
		\$	26,271,744	<u>\$ 69,422,423</u>	\$	98,072,316	\$.	<u>50,665,421</u>	\$ <u>244,431,904</u>

	Moody's Credit		December 31, 2013 Maturities in years						
	<u>Rating</u>	Le	ess than 1	1 - 3		3 - 5		5 - 7	 Total
Metropolitan Life Insurance Company New York Life Insurance Company Principal Life Insurance Company Hartford Life Insurance Company Great-West Life & Annuity	Aa3 Aaa A1 A3*	\$	26,634,094 - 5,021,321 -	\$ 48,491,792 6,942,541 - 6,485,678	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$ 75,125,886 6,942,541 5,021,321 6,485,678
Insurance Company	Aa3	\$	2,411,807			<u>16,948,172</u> 16,948,172		54,002,687 54,002,687	<u>173,362,666</u> 266,938,092

* The Hartford Life Insurance Company maintained a Moody's credit rating of Aa3 upon issuance of the 84month GICs with the Plan. As of December 31, 2014 and 2013, its credit rating had been downgraded to Baa2 and A3, respectively.

Note 6. Mutual Funds and Target Retirement Funds

The Plan's other investments are held by the custodian in pooled separate accounts. The following represents the fair value of the Plan's units of participation:

	2014			2013	
Mutual funds					
American Funds Europacific Growth Fund R6	\$	19,507,920	\$	18,197,516	
American Funds New Perspective Fund R6		6,555,979		7,101,401	
Fidelity Diversified International Fund		20,652,096		22,832,824	
AllianceBern Small Cap Growth I		10,071,283		10,554,470	
American Beacon Small CP Val Inst		7,484,265		8,362,740	
TIAA-CREF Small Cap Blend IDX Inst		3,645,241		2,710,788	
Munder Mid Cap Growth Fund Class R6		19,719,680		17,233,098	
T. Rowe Price Mid Cap Value		41,979,924		35,868,550	
Dodge & Cox Stock Fund		61,964,884**		55,874,399**	
T. Rowe Price Growth Stock Fund		29,482,584		27,024,152	
Vanguard Institutional Index Fund Plus		86,128,566**		78,953,156**	
Pimco Funds - Institutional All Assets		469,998		60,210	
Blackrock Inflation Protected Bond Institutional		4,271,373		3,796,766	
Pimco Total Return-Institutional		30,542,127		30,482,785	
	<u>\$</u>	342,475,920	<u>\$</u>	319,052,855	
Target retirement funds					
State Street Global Advisors Aged Based Income	\$	7,176,316	\$	7,451,869	
State Street Global Advisors Aged Based 2010		8,526,354		9,577,230	
State Street Global Advisors Aged Based 2020		21,489,702		18,487,969	
State Street Global Advisors Aged Based 2030		13,209,105		10,858,470	
State Street Global Advisors Aged Based 2040		6,723,455		5,563,172	
State Street Global Advisors Aged Based 2050		637,789		154,486	
	<u>\$</u>	57,762,721	<u>\$</u>	52,093,196	

**Denotes investment that exceeds 5% of the Plan's total assets at December 31.

State of South Carolina 457 Deferred Compensation Plan and Trust Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014 and 2013

Note 6. Mutual Funds and Target Retirement Funds, Continued

The following represents units of shares and share prices of other investments:

	2014			2013		
			Share		Share	
	Shares		Price	Shares	Price	
Mutual funds						
American Funds Europacific Growth Fund R6	414,268.8469	\$	47.09	371,150.6425	\$ 49.03	
American Funds New Perspective Fund R6	180,655.2494		36.29	189,017.8600	37.57	
Fidelity Diversified International Fund	599,480.2903		34.45	618,608.0737	36.91	
AllianceBern Small Cap Growth I	213,873.0728		47.09	197,169.2509	53.53	
American Beacon Small CP Val Inst	298,534.7028		25.07	307,566.7525	27.19	
TIAA-CREF Small Cap Blend IDX Inst	195,036.9716		18.69	144,037.6196	18.82	
Munder Mid Cap Growth Fund Class R6	460,632.5625		42.81	399,747.1120	43.11	
T. Rowe Price Mid Cap Value	1,456,624.7051		28.82	1,193,628.9517	30.05	
Dodge & Cox Stock Fund	342,460.9484		180.94	330,872.2627	168.87	
T. Rowe Price Growth Stock Fund	567,518.4601		51.95	514,060.3386	52.57	
Vanguard Institutional Index Fund Plus	456,479.5739		188.68	466,405.6947	169.28	
Pimco Funds - Institutional All Assets	40,517.0690		11.60	4,984.2715	12.08	
Blackrock Inflation Protected Bond Institutional	396,967.7509		10.76	352,204.6382	10.78	
Pimco Total Return-Institutional	2,867,805.3521		10.65	2,851,523.3863	10.69	
Target retirement funds						
State Street Global Advisors Aged Based Income	449,643.8596	\$	15.96	483,887.5974	\$ 15.40	
State Street Global Advisors Aged Based 2010	515,187.5529		16.55	601,962.9164	15.91	
State Street Global Advisors Aged Based 2020	1,162,233.7480		18.49	1,059,482.4642	17.45	
State Street Global Advisors Aged Based 2030	690,852.7720		19.12	604,591.8708	17.96	
State Street Global Advisors Aged Based 2040	346,569.8454		19.40	304,664.4031	18.26	
State Street Global Advisors Aged Based 2050	42,098.2838		15.15	10,833.5203	14.26	

State of South Carolina 457 Deferred Compensation Plan and Trust Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014 and 2013

Note 7. Investment Income

During the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, the Plan held the following investments which generated investment income as follows:

	2014		2013	
Mutual funds				
American Funds Europacific Growth Fund R6	\$	334,417	\$	224,632
American Funds New Perspective Fund R6		440,783		380,287
Fidelity Diversified International Fund		772,126		337,709
AllianceBern Small Cap Growth I		1,061,102		601,187
American Beacon Small CP Val Inst		905,817		721,754
TIAA-CREF Small Cap Blend IDX Inst		181,705		118,061
Munder Mid Cap Growth Fund Class R6		2,009,332		313,958
T. Rowe Price Mid Cap Value		5,343,678		1,713,584
Dodge & Cox Stock Fund		1,803,675		702,778
T. Rowe Price Growth Stock Fund		2,665,273		10,234
Vanguard Institutional Index Fund Plus		1,649,273		1,456,927
Pimco Funds - Institutional All Assets		21,492		1,453
Blackrock Inflation Protected Bond Institutional		116,499		108,769
Pimco Total Return-Institutional		1,489,056		980,989
		18,794,228		7,672,322
Stable value fund		7,271,084		7,654,889
84-month guaranteed investment contracts		8,259,648		9,818,265
Notes receivable from participants		366,619		375,449
	\$	34,691,579	\$	25,520,925

Note 8. Net Appreciation in Fair Value

During the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, the Plan held the following investments which generated a net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value as follows:

	2014		2013	
Mutual funds				
American Funds Europacific Growth Fund R6	\$	(834,790)	\$	1,012,989
American Funds New Perspective Fund R6		(168,850)		1,686,799
Fidelity Diversified International Fund		(1,448,243)		1,271,496
AllianceBern Small Cap Growth I		(1,243,462)		4,207,159
American Beacon Small CP Val Inst		(544,227)		2,495,963
Jacob Micro GAP Growth I		-		1,134,076
TIAA-CREF Small Cap Blend IDX Inst		(19,504)		559,831
Munder Mid Cap Growth Fund Class R6		(174,940)		1,499,330
Munder Mid Cap Growth		-		2,504,051
T. Rowe Price Mid Cap Value		(1,508,412)		7,185,149
Dodge & Cox Stock Fund		4,081,060		15,781,497
T. Rowe Price Growth Stock Fund		(302,269)		7,402,759

Note 8. Net Appreciation in Fair Value, Continued		
	2014	2013
Vanguard Institutional Index Fund Plus	8,979,862	17,922,694
Pimco Funds - Institutional All Assets	(42 <i>,</i> 855)	(1,099)
Blackrock Inflation Protected Bond Institutional	(27,289)	(439,204)
Pimco Total Return-Institutional	(65,524)	(1,643,015)
	6,680,557	62,580,475
Target retirement funds		
State Street Global Advisors Aged Based Income	273,118	367,614
State Street Global Advisors Aged Based 2010	375,203	532,794
State Street Global Advisors Aged Based 2020	1,128,501	2,118,524
State Street Global Advisors Aged Based 2030	759,362	1,600,150
State Street Global Advisors Aged Based 2040	367,183	1,020,061
State Street Global Advisors Aged Based 2050	26,328	25,682
	2,929,695	5,664,825
Stable value fund	3,230,795	(10,420,497)
Schwab self-directed brokerage account	(12,894)	387,903
	<u>\$ 12,828,153</u>	<u>\$ 58,212,706</u>

Note 9. Schwab Self-Directed Brokerage Account

Effective January 1, 2010, participants have the option to invest in a self-directed brokerage account. The selfdirected brokerage account is offered through Charles Schwab & Co., Inc. and allows participants to select from numerous mutual funds and other types of securities, such as stocks and bonds, for an additional fee or fees. As of December 31, 2014 and 2013, the balances invested in the Schwab self-directed brokerage account were \$5,650,716 and \$4,146,141, respectively.

Note 10. Plan Termination

Currently, there are no intentions to terminate the Plan. However, the State reserves the right to terminate, suspend, withdraw or amend the Plan at anytime.

Note 11. Tax Status

The Plan is a deferred compensation plan and trust under Section 457 of the IRC, and as such, is exempt from federal and state income taxes. Amounts of compensation deferred by employees participating in the Plan are not subject to federal income tax withholding, and the compensation is not includable in taxable income until actually paid or otherwise made available to the participant, his beneficiary or his estate.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require plan management to evaluate tax positions taken by the Plan and recognize a tax liability (or asset) if the Plan has taken an uncertain position that more likely than not would not be substantiated upon examination by the Internal Revenue Service. Management has analyzed the tax positions taken by the Plan, and has concluded that as of December 31, 2014, there are no uncertain positions taken or expected to be taken that would require recognition of a liability (or asset) or disclosure in the financial statements.

Note 12. Risks and Uncertainties

The Plan invests in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect participants' account balances and the amounts reported in the statements of net position available for benefits.

Note 13. Commitments

Effective November 1, 2014, PEBA entered into a new agreement with the investment advisor that runs through October 31, 2015, which requires an annual fee of \$85,000, payable in twelve equal monthly installments. The Plan will share the cost pro-rata with the State of South Carolina Salary Deferral [401(k)] and Savings Profit Plan and Trust, based upon Plan assets under management.

Effective January 1, 2015, PEBA entered into a new agreement with the Plan administrator that runs through December 31, 2017, which requires an annual fee of 0.10 percent of total Plan assets, assessed to participant accounts on a quarterly basis.