

SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SCRS) ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT AS OF JULY 1, 2013



5605 N. MacArthur Blvd. Suite 870 Irving, TX 75038-2631 469.524.0000 phone 469.524.0003 fax www.gabrielroeder.com

December 2, 2013

Public Employee Benefit Authority South Carolina Retirement System P.O. Box 11960 Columbia, SC 29211-1960

Subject: Actuarial Valuation as of July 1, 2013

Dear Members of the Board:

This report describes the current actuarial condition of the South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS), determines the calculated employer contribution rate, and analyzes changes in this contribution rate. In addition, the report provides information required by SCRS in connection with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 25 (GASB 25), and it gives various summaries of the data. Results of this report should not be used for any other purpose without consultation with the undersigned. Valuations are prepared annually as of July 1, the first day of the plan year for SCRS. This report was prepared at the request of the Board of the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority (Board) and is intended for use by the SCRS staff and those designated or approved by the Board.

FINANCING OBJECTIVES AND FUNDING POLICY

The employer and member contribution rate is determined in accordance with Section 9-1-1085 of the South Carolina Code. As specified by the Code, in the event the scheduled employer and member contribution rate is insufficient to maintain a thirty-year amortization period for financing the unfunded liability of the System, the Board shall increase the employer and member contribution rates in equal amounts, as necessary, to maintain a funding period that does not exceed thirty years. The contribution rate determined by a given actuarial valuation becomes effective twenty-four months after the valuation date. In other words, the contribution rate determined by this July 1, 2013 actuarial valuation will be used by the Board when certifying the employer and member contribution rates for the year beginning July 1, 2015 and ending June 30, 2016.

According to State code, the Board is not permitted to decrease the employer and member contribution rates until the funded ratio of the plan is at least 90%. Also, any decrease in the rates must maintain the 2.90% differential between the employer and member contribution rates.

Public Employee Benefit Authority South Carolina Retirement Systems December 2, 2013 Page 2

If new legislation is enacted between the valuation date and the date the contribution rate becomes effective, the Board may adjust the calculated rate before certifying them, in order to reflect this new legislation. Such adjustments are based on information supplied by the actuary.

PROGRESS TOWARD REALIZATION OF FINANCING OBJECTIVES

The funded ratio (the ratio of the actuarial value of assets to the actuarial accrued liability) is a standard measure of a plan's funded status. In the absence of benefit improvements, it should increase over time, until it reaches at least 100%.

The funded ratio of the System decreased from 64.7% to 62.5%. This decrease was primarily due to the continual recognition of the extraordinary investment loss that occurred in prior years. Absent favorable investment or liability experience, we expect the funded ratio will continue to decrease for the next several years as those investment losses are fully recognized in the development of the actuarial value of assets.

If the market value of assets had been used in the calculation instead of the actuarial (smoothed) value of assets, the funded ratio for the System would have been 55.3%, compared to 54.6% in the prior year. The increase in the funded ratio on a market value basis is due to favorable investment experience during the last fiscal year. The market value of assets earned a 10.4% return on a dollar-weighted basis for the plan year ending June 30, 2013, net of expenses. The annual return on the market value for the same time period determined a time-weighted basis, net of expenses, was 9.99% as reported by the South Carolina Investment Commission.

ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

The actuarial assumptions used to perform this valuation remain unchanged from the prior valuation, including the use of a 7.50% investment return assumption. South Carolina State Code requires that an experience analysis that reviews the economic and demographic assumptions be performed every five years. The next experience analysis is scheduled for 2016.

It is our opinion that the recommended assumptions are internally consistent and reasonably reflect the anticipated future experience of the System. The actuarial assumptions and methods used in this report comply with the parameters for disclosure that appear in GASB 25.

The results of the actuarial valuation are dependent on the actuarial assumptions used. Actual results can, and almost certainly will, differ as actual experience deviates from the assumptions. Even seemingly minor changes in the assumptions can materially change the liabilities, calculated contribution rate, and funding periods. The actuarial calculations are intended to provide information for rational decision making.

BENEFIT PROVISIONS

The benefit provisions reflected in this valuation are those which were in effect on July 1, 2013. There were no legislative changes enacted since the previous valuation that had a measurable

Public Employee Benefit Authority South Carolina Retirement Systems December 2, 2013 Page 3

effect on the current valuation.

DATA

Member data for retired, active and inactive members was supplied as of July 1, 2013, by the SCRS staff. The staff also supplied asset information as of July 1, 2013. We did not audit this data, but we did apply a number of tests to the data, and we concluded that it was reasonable and consistent with the prior year's data. GRS is not responsible for the accuracy or completeness of the information provided to us by SCRS.

CERTIFICATION

We certify that the information presented herein is accurate and fairly portrays the actuarial position of SCRS as of July 1, 2013.

All of our work conforms with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices, and is in conformity with the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board. In our opinion, our calculations also comply with the requirements of South Carolina Code of Laws and, where applicable, the Internal Revenue Code, ERISA, and the Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

The undersigned are independent actuaries and consultants. Mr. Newton and Mr. White are Enrolled Actuaries and Members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries. Both are experienced in performing valuations for large public retirement systems.

Sincerely,

Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Co.

Joseph P. Newton, FSA, MAAA, EA Senior Consultant

Daniel J. White, FSA, MAAA, EA Senior Consultant

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | PAGE | |
|----------------|--------|-----------------------------------|
| <u>SECTION</u> | NUMBER | |
| SECTION A | 2 | EXECUTIVE SUMMARY |
| SECTION B | 6 | DISCUSSION |
| SECTION C | 15 | ACTUARIAL TABLES |
| SECTION D | 29 | MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION |
| APPENDIX A | 38 | ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS |
| APPENDIX B | 49 | BENEFIT PROVISIONS |
| APPENDIX C | 55 | GLOSSARY |

SECTION A EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Executive Summary

| (Donar amounts expressed in mousanus) | (Dollar | amounts | expressed | in | thousands |
|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|-----------|----|-----------|
|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|-----------|----|-----------|

| | Valuation Date: | | | | |
|---|-----------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| | July 1, 2013 | July 1, 2012 | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Membership | | | | | |
| • Number of | | | | | |
| - Active Members | 184,690 | 185,748 | | | |
| - TERI Members | 8,516 | 6,785 | | | |
| - Retirees and Beneficiaries | 119,180 | 115,142 | | | |
| - Inactive Members | 156,231 | 154,073 | | | |
| - Total | 468,617 | 461,748 | | | |
| Projected payroll of active members | \$7,434,820 | \$7,356,231 | | | |
| • Projected payroll for all members, including | | | | | |
| members in ORP, TERI, and working retirees | \$9,435,881 | \$9,086,962 | | | |
| Contribution Rates ¹ | | | | | |
| Employer contribution rate | 11.06% | 10.90% | | | |
| Member | 8 16% | 8.00% | | | |
| | 0.10/0 | 0.0070 | | | |
| Assets | | | | | |
| Market value | \$22,791,322 | \$21,536,908 | | | |
| Actuarial value | 25,753,068 | 25,540,749 | | | |
| • Return on market value | 10.4% | 0.4% | | | |
| • Return on actuarial value | 4.5% | 3.5% | | | |
| • Ratio of actuarial to market value of assets | 113.0% | 118.6% | | | |
| • External cash flow % | -4.2% | -4.3% | | | |
| Actuarial Information | | | | | |
| • Normal cost % | 9.94% | 10.05% | | | |
| Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) | \$41,196,062 | \$39,457,708 | | | |
| • Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) | 15,442,994 | 13,916,959 | | | |
| Funded ratio | 62.5% | 64.7% | | | |
| • Funding period (years) | 30 | 29 | | | |
| Reconciliation of UAAL | | | | | |
| Beginning of Year UAAL | \$13,916,959 | \$12,406,787 | | | |
| - Interest on UAAL | 1,043,772 | 930,509 | | | |
| - Amortization payment with interest | (917,457) | (583,194) | | | |
| - Assumption/method changes | 0 | 0 | | | |
| - Asset experience | 740,436 | 1,000,960 | | | |
| - COLA | 0 | 0 | | | |
| - Salary experience | (28,062) | (130,469) | | | |
| - Other liability experience | 687,346 | 292,366 | | | |
| - Legislative Changes | 0 | 0 | | | |
| • End of Year UAAL | \$15,442,994 | \$13,916,959 | | | |
| | | 1 | | | |

¹ The contribution rates determined by the 2013 valuation are established by Section 9-1-1085 of the South Carolina Code and become effective for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2015. The employer contribution rates shown above include the cost of incidental death benefits.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY (CONTINUED)

The unfunded actuarial accrued liability increased by \$1.5 billion since the prior year's valuation to \$15.4 billion. The single largest source of this increase is the result of continual recognition of deferred investment losses in the actuarial value of assets (i.e. \$0.7 billion was recognized in the July 1, 2013 valuation). There was also a \$0.7 billion loss in the liability primarily due to a large number of employees who commenced their retirement benefit before the return-to-work provisions changed effective January 2, 2013. There is still \$3.0 billion in deferred investment losses as of the valuation date. Absent favorable investment experience, those deferred losses will be reflected in the actuarial value of assets over the next few years.

Below is a chart with the historical actuarial value of assets and actuarial accrued liability for SCRS. The divergence in the assets and liability over the last 10 years has generally been due to a combination of: (i) the actual investment experience being less than the System's expected investment return assumption and (ii) increases in the actuarial accrued liability due to ad hoc cost of living adjustments provided to retirees prior to the enactment of retirement reform legislation in 2012.



Based on the current funding policy, we expect the funded ratio (on an actuarial value of asset basis) to decline for the next four or five years before it begins to gradually improves.

The employer and member contribution rates that are in effect for fiscal year 2015 are no longer sufficient to maintain a funding period under 30 years. Therefore, the employer and member

contribution rates for fiscal year 2016 will need to increase to satisfy the 30-year funding requirement specified in Section 9-1-1085 of the South Carolina Code. Specifically, the employer contribution rate will need to increase from 10.90% to 11.06% and the member contribution rate will increase from 8.00% to 8.16%. Absent legislative changes or significantly favorable experience, employer and member contribution rates will increase for the next several years as existing deferred investment losses become recognized in the actuarial value of assets.

Specifically, if emerging investment and liability experience is consistent with the current assumptions, the employer and member contribution rates are projected to increase an additional 0.60% to 0.70%, in total, in future years before reaching their ultimate contribution level while the funded ratio remains below 90%.

SECTION B DISCUSSION

DISCUSSION

The results of the July 1, 2013 actuarial valuation of the South Carolina Retirement System are presented in this report. The primary purposes of the valuation report are to depict the current financial condition of the System, determine the annual required contribution, and analyze changes in the System's financial condition. In addition, the report provides information required by SCRS in connection with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 25 (GASB 25), and it provides various summaries of the data.

This section discusses the determination of the current funding requirements and the System's funded status, as well as changes in financial condition of the retirement system.

All of the actuarial and financial tables referenced by the other sections of this Report appear in Section C. Section D provides member data and statistical information. Appendices A and B provide summaries of the principle actuarial assumptions and methods and plan provisions. Finally, Appendix C provides a glossary of technical terms that are used throughout this report.

Funding Progress

The funded ratio decreased from 64.7% to 62.5% since the prior valuation. The decrease in the funded status over the last 10 years has generally been due to a combination of: (i) the actual investment experience being less than the System's expected investment return assumption and (ii) increases in the actuarial accrued liability due to ad hoc cost of living adjustments provided to retirees prior to the enactment of retirement reform legislation in 2012. Table 10, Schedule of Funding Progress, in the following section of the report provides additional detail regarding the funding progress of the Retirement System.



Asset Gains/ (Losses)

The actuarial value of assets ("AVA") is based on a smoothed market value of assets, using a systematic approach to phase-in actual investment return in excess of (or less than) the expected investment income. This is appropriate because it dampens the short-term volatility inherent in investment markets. The expected investment income is determined using the assumed annual investment return rate and the actuarial value of assets (adjusted for receipts and disbursements during the year). The returns are computed net of administrative and investment expenses. The actuarial value of assets increased from \$25.5 billion to \$25.8 billion since the prior valuation. Table 8 in the following section of the report provides the development of the actuarial value of assets.

The rate of return on the market value of assets on a dollar-weighted basis for fiscal year 2013 was 10.4%; which is more than the 7.50% expected annual return. The return on an actuarial (smoothed) asset value was 4.5%. This difference in the estimated return on market value and actuarial value illustrates the smoothing effect of the asset valuation method.

The market value of assets is less than the actuarial value of assets, which signifies that the retirement system is in a position of deferred losses. Therefore, unless the System experiences investment returns in excess of the assumed rate of return, the future recognition of these deferred losses is expected to increase the unfunded actuarial accrued liability and decrease the System's funded ratio over the next few years.



Tables 6 and 7 in the following section of this report provide asset information that was included in the annual financial statements of the System. Also, Table 9 shows the estimated yield on a market value basis and on the actuarial asset valuation method.

Actuarial Gains/ (Losses) and the Funding Period

The annual actuarial valuation is a snapshot analysis of the benefit liabilities, assets and funded position of the System as of the first day of the plan year. In any one fiscal year, the experience can be better or worse from that which is assumed or expected. The actuarial assumptions do not necessarily attempt to model what the experience will be for any one given fiscal year, but instead try to model the overall experience over many years. Therefore, as long as the actual experience of the retirement system is reasonably close to the current assumptions, the long-term funding requirements of the System will remain relatively consistent.

The unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) has increased from \$13.9 billion in 2012 to \$15.4 billion in 2013. The table below shows the source of the gains and losses and the impact of those gains and losses on the UAAL.

| Reconciliation of UAAL (Dollars in thousands) | | | | | |
|---|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| Beginning of Year UAAL | \$13,916,959 | | | | |
| - Interest on UAAL | 1,043,772 | | | | |
| - Amortization payment with interest | (917,457) | | | | |
| - Assumption/method changes | 0 | | | | |
| - Asset Experience | 740,436 | | | | |
| - COLA | 0 | | | | |
| - Salary Experience | (28,062) | | | | |
| - Other liability experience | 687,346 | | | | |
| - Legislative changes | 0 | | | | |
| • End of Year UAAL | \$15,442,994 | | | | |

The System experienced a net liability loss of \$0.7 billion. This net loss was primarily related to more members retiring than expected during the last fiscal year (i.e. 7,028 members elected a normal or early retirement versus 4,344 expected retirements based on the actuarial assumptions). The increased number of retirements is attributable to members utilizing the TERI and return-to-work provisions before they became altered on January 2, 2013, by the pension reform bill enacted by the 2012 legislation session. For instance, 5,481, or 78%, of these members elected to retire during the first six months of the fiscal year, whereas only 1,547 members retired after January 2, 2013, when the new return-to-work provisions became effective. Note, while there were a significant number of members who commenced their retirement benefit during this last year, 4,076, or 74%, of those members who

retired during the first six months of fiscal year continue to work for a participating employer of the system because they utilized the TERI or return-to-work provisions.

The employer and member contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2015 are no longer sufficient to satisfy the 30-year funding requirement in the State code. Below is a table reconciling the change in the funding period from the prior year's valuation based on the contribution rates that go into effect for fiscal year 2015.

| Change in Funding Period (Years) Based on the Employer and Member Contribution Rates in Effect for Fiscal Year 2015 | | | | |
|---|-------|--|--|--|
| Prior Year | 29.2 | | | |
| - Expected experience | (1.0) | | | |
| - Assumption and method changes | 0.0 | | | |
| - Asset experience | 2.9 | | | |
| - Demographic experience | 1.1 | | | |
| - Legislative changes | 0.0 | | | |
| - Total Change | 3.0 | | | |
| Current Year Valuation | 32.2 | | | |
| (before reflecting the required increase in the conribution rate) | | | | |

The liability experience had a smaller impact on the change in the funding period than the asset experience. This is because a majority of the members who commenced their retirement benefit during the last fiscal year remained in the workforce and the retirement system continues to receive contributions from the employers and members on the payroll of these members. Also, the contribution rate is defined as a percentage of payroll and is calculated based on the anticipation there would be a 3.50% increase in the total payroll of the system each year. The actual payroll that the system receives contributions on, including the payroll of members in ORP, TERI and working retirees, increased by 3.84% from fiscal year 2012 to 2013, which is favorable for the financing the retirement system.

Absent favorable investment experience, we expect that the funding period to increase in future years as deferred investment losses become fully recognized in the actuarial value of assets and calculation of the contribution rate.

Finally, note that the current funding policy utilizes a level percentage of payroll amortization, which assumes that covered payroll will increase at the rate of 3.50% per year in the future (it does not assume an increase in active membership). As a result, the amortization payments will not be sufficient to cover all of the interest charges on the UAAL until the funding period reaches approximately 19 years.

GASB No. 25 and No. 27 Disclosures

Accounting requirements for SCRS are provided by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 25 ("GASB 25") and No. 27 ("GASB 27"). Table 10 shows a historical summary of the funded ratios and other information for the System. Table 11 shows other information needed in connection with the required disclosures under GASB 25. GASB 27 governs reporting by the employers of government-sponsored retirement plans.

GASB 25 requires that plans calculate an Annual Required Contribution ("ARC"), and, if actual contributions received are less than the ARC, this must be disclosed. The ARC is calculated in accordance with certain parameters. In particular, it includes a payment to amortize the UAAL. This amortization payment must be computed using a funding period no greater than thirty (30) years. For this disclosure, SCRS treats the Board-established contribution rate as the ARC, as long as this produces a funding period that does not exceed 30 years.

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

In determining costs and liabilities, actuaries use assumptions about the future, such as rates of salary increase, probabilities of retirement, termination, death and disability, and an annual investment return assumption. The actuarial assumptions and methods used to determine the results of the 2013 actuarial valuation are the same as those used for the prior year's valuation.

Appendix A includes a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods used in this valuation.

It is our opinion that the assumptions are internally consistent, reasonable, and reflect anticipated future experience of the System. The actuarial assumptions and methods used in this report comply with the parameters for disclosure that appear in GASB 25.

Benefit Provisions

Appendix B of this report includes a summary of the benefit provisions for SCRS. There were no legislative changes enacted since the previous valuation that had a measurable effect on the current valuation. Below is a summary of the retirement provisions for Class Two members, members hired prior to July 1, 2012, and Class Three members, member hired after June 30, 2012.

Summary of Retirement Provisions for:

Class Two Members (members hired prior to July 1, 2012)

- Average Final Compensation (AFC) is based on the highest 12 consecutive quarters of compensation. The determination of a member's AFC also includes up to 45 days of unused annual leave paid at termination. Monthly benefits are based on one-twelfth of this amount.
- The retirement benefit amount is equal to the 1.82% of the member's AFC times the member's credited service (years). Credited service may include up to 90 days of unused sick leave.
- Members are eligible to commence their retirement benefit after they have (i) 28 years of credited service or (ii) attained age 65 with 5 years of earned service.
- At each July 1 after their first full year of retirement, annuitants will receive an automatic cost of living adjustment equal to the lesser of 1.00% of their retirement benefit or \$500 per annum.

Class Three Members (members hired after June 30, 2012)

- Average Final Compensation (AFC) is based on the highest twenty (20) consecutive quarters of compensation. The determination of a member's AFC also will not include unused annual leave paid at termination. Monthly benefits are based on one-twelfth of this amount;
- The retirement benefit is equal to 1.82% of the member's AFC times the member's credited service (years). Credited service will not include unused sick leave.
- Members are eligible to commence a retirement benefit after they have (i) attained age 60 with eight years of earned service or (ii) the combination of the member's age and years of credited service equals or exceeds 90 (i.e. the rule of 90).
- At each July 1 after their first full year of retirement, annuitants will receive an automatic cost of living adjustment equal to the lesser of 1.00% of their retirement benefit or \$500 per annum.

SECTION C ACTUARIAL TABLES

ACTUARIAL TABLES

| TABLE <u>NUMBER</u> | <u>PAGE</u> | <u>Content of Table</u> |
|------------------------|-------------|---|
| 1 | 16 | SUMMARY OF COST ITEMS |
| 2 | 17 | ACTUARIAL PRESENT VALUE OF FUTURE BENEFITS |
| 3 | 18 | ANALYSIS OF NORMAL COST |
| 4 | 19 | RESULTS OF JULY 1, 2013 VALUATION |
| 5 | 20 | ACTUARIAL BALANCE SHEET |
| 6 | 21 | System Net Assets |
| 7 | 22 | RECONCILIATION OF SYSTEM NET ASSETS |
| 8 | 23 | DEVELOPMENT OF ACTUARIAL VALUE OF ASSETS |
| 9 | 24 | ESTIMATION OF YIELDS |
| 10 | 25 | SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS |
| 11 | 26 | NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION |
| 12 | 27 | SOLVENCY TEST |

Summary of Cost Items

(Dollar amounts expressed in thousands)

| | | J | uly 1, 2013 | July 1, 2012 | |
|-----|---|----|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|
| | | | (1) | | (2) |
| 1. | Projected payroll of active members ¹ | \$ | 7,434,820 | | \$7,356,231 |
| 2. | Present value of future pay | \$ | 60,918,433 | \$ | 59,977,144 |
| 3. | Normal cost rate | | | | |
| | a. Total normal cost rate | | 9.94% | | 10.05% |
| | b. Less: member contribution rate | | - <u>8.16</u> % | | - <u>8.00</u> % |
| | c. Employer normal cost rate | | 1.78% | | 2.05% |
| 4. | Actuarial accrued liability for active members | | | | |
| | a. Present value of future benefits | \$ | 19,653,642 | \$ | 19,751,278 |
| | b. Less: present value of future normal costs | | (5,877,599) | | (5,880,298) |
| | c. Actuarial accrued liability | \$ | 13,776,043 | \$ | 13,870,980 |
| 5. | Total actuarial accrued liability for: | | | | |
| | a. Retirees and beneficiaries | \$ | 26,548,472 | \$ | 24,732,406 |
| | b. Inactive members | | 871,547 | | 854,322 |
| | c. Active members (Item 4c) | | 13,776,043 | | 13,870,980 |
| | d. Total | \$ | 41,196,062 | \$ | 39,457,708 |
| 6. | Actuarial value of assets | \$ | 25,753,068 | \$ | 25,540,749 |
| 7. | Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) | | | | |
| | (Item 5d - Item 6) | \$ | 15,442,994 | \$ | 13,916,959 |
| 8. | GASB No. 25 Annual Required Contribution Rate | | | | |
| | a. Employer normal cost rate | | 1.78% | | 2.05% |
| | b. Employer contribution rate available | | | | |
| | to amortize the UAAL | | 9.28% | | 8.85% |
| | c. Total employer contribution rate | | 11.06% | | 10.90% |
| 9. | Funding period based on the required | | | | |
| | employer contribution rate (years) | | 30 | | 29 |
| 10. | Applicable statutorily required contribution rates ² | | | | |
| | a. Employer contribution rate | | 11.06% | | 10.90% |
| | b. Member contribution rate | | 8.16% | | 8.00% |

¹ The projected payroll does not include payroll for members in ORP, TERI, and who are working retirees.

² The applicable employer and member contribution rates are determined in accordance with Section 9-1-1085 of the South Carolina Code. The contribution rates determined by the July 1, 2013 valuation become effective for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2015. The contribution rate includes the cost of incidental death benefits.

Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits

(Dollar amounts expressed in thousands)

| | | J | July 1, 2013 | | July 1, 2012 | |
|----|--|----|--------------|----|--------------|--|
| | | | (1) | | (2) | |
| 1. | Active members | | | | | |
| | a. Service retirement | \$ | 16,702,652 | \$ | 16,696,027 | |
| | b. Deferred termination benefits and refunds | | 965,351 | | 1,133,420 | |
| | c. Survivor benefits | | 748,645 | | 685,374 | |
| | d. Disability benefits | | 1,236,994 | | 1,236,458 | |
| | e. Total | \$ | 19,653,642 | \$ | 19,751,279 | |
| 2. | Retired members | | | | | |
| | a. Service retirement | \$ | 23,813,038 | \$ | 22,102,446 | |
| | b. Disability retirement | | 1,679,629 | | 1,620,766 | |
| | c. Beneficiaries | | 907,733 | | 866,754 | |
| | d. Incidental death benefits | | 148,072 | | 142,440 | |
| | e. Total | \$ | 26,548,472 | \$ | 24,732,406 | |
| 3. | Inactive members | | | | | |
| | a. Vested terminations | \$ | 675,620 | \$ | 661,531 | |
| | b. Nonvested terminations | | 195,927 | | 192,790 | |
| | c. Total | \$ | 871,547 | \$ | 854,321 | |
| 4. | Total actuarial present value of future benefits | \$ | 47,073,661 | \$ | 45,338,006 | |

Analysis of Normal Cost

| | | July 1, 2013 | July 1, 2012 |
|----|---|--|---|
| | | (1) | (2) |
| 1. | Total normal cost rate a. Service retirement b. Deferred termination benefits and refunds c. Survivor benefits d. Disability benefits e. Total | 6.74% 2.03% 0.45% <u>0.72%</u> 9.94% | 6.69% 2.24% 0.41% <u>0.71%</u> 10.05% |
| 2. | Less: member contribution rate | <u>8.16%</u> | <u>8.00%</u> |
| 3. | Net employer normal cost rate | 1.78% | 2.05% |

Note: The normal cost includes the cost for incidental death benefits.

Results of July 1, 2013 Valuation (Dollar amounts expressed in thousands)

| | | J | uly 1, 2013 |
|----|--|-------|-------------|
| | | | (1) |
| 1. | Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits | | |
| | a. Present retired members and beneficiaries | \$ | 26,548,472 |
| | b. Present active and inactive members | | 20,525,189 |
| | c. Total actuarial present value | \$ | 47,073,661 |
| 2. | Present Value of Future Normal Contributions | | |
| | a. Employee | \$ | 4,970,944 |
| | b. Employer | | 906,655 |
| | c. Total future normal contributions | \$ | 5,877,599 |
| 3. | Actuarial Liability | \$ | 41,196,062 |
| 4. | Current Actuarial Value of Assets | \$ | 25,753,068 |
| 5. | Unfunded Actuarial Liability | \$ | 15,442,994 |
| 6. | UAAL Amortization Rates based on an employer contribution rate | of 11 | .06% |
| | a. Active members | | 9.28% |
| | b. TERI members (including employee contributions) | | 19.22% |
| | c. ORP members | | 6.06% |
| | d. Re-employed members (including employee contributions) | | 19.22% |
| 7. | Unfunded Actuarial Liability Liquidation Period | | 30 years |

Note: The employer contribution rate includes the cost for incidental death benefits.

Actuarial Balance Sheet

(Dollar amounts expressed in thousands)

| | | J | July 1, 2013 | | July 1, 2012 | |
|----|---|--------|--------------|----|--------------|--|
| | | | (1) | | (2) | |
| 1 | Assots | | | | | |
| 1. | ASSELS | | | | | |
| | a. Current assets (actuarial value) | | | | | |
| | i. Employee annuity savings fund | \$ | 6,491,895 | \$ | 6,459,192 | |
| | ii. Employer annuity accumulation fund | | 19,261,173 | | 19,081,557 | |
| | iii. Total current assets | \$ | 25,753,068 | \$ | 25,540,749 | |
| | b. Present value of future member contributions | \$ | 4,970,944 | \$ | 4,798,172 | |
| | c. Present value of future employer contributions | | | | | |
| | i. Normal contributions | \$ | 906,655 | \$ | 1,082,126 | |
| | ii. Accrued liability contributions | | 15,442,994 | | 13,916,959 | |
| | iii. Total future employer contributions | \$ | 16,349,649 | \$ | 14,999,085 | |
| | d. Total assets | \$ | 47,073,661 | \$ | 45,338,006 | |
| 2. | Liabilities | | | | | |
| | a. Employee annuity savings fund | | | | | |
| | i. Past member contributions | \$ | 6,491,895 | \$ | 6,459,192 | |
| | ii. Present value of future member contribution | IS | 4,970,944 | | 4,798,172 | |
| | iii. Total contributions to employee annuity | | | | | |
| | savings fund | \$ | 11,462,839 | \$ | 11,257,364 | |
| | b. Employer annuity accumulation fund | | | | | |
| | i. Benefits currently in payment (including TE | RI) \$ | 26,548,472 | \$ | 24,732,406 | |
| | ii. Benefits to be provided to other members | | 9,062,350 | | 9,348,236 | |
| | iii. Total benefits payable from employer annuity accumulation fund | \$ | 35,610,822 | \$ | 34,080,642 | |
| | c. Total liabilities | \$ | 47,073,661 | \$ | 45,338,006 | |

System Net Assets Assets at Market or Fair Value

(Dollar amounts expressed in thousands)

| Item | | J | uly 1, 2013 | July 1, 2012 | |
|----------------|---|----|---|--------------|--|
| | (1) | | (2) | | (3) |
| 1. | Cash and cash equivalents (operating cash) | \$ | 2,579,242 | \$ | 1,832,037 |
| 2. | Receivables | | 879,568 | | 832,794 |
| 3. | Investments a. Short-term securities b. Domestic fixed income c. Global fixed income d. Domestic equities e. Global equities f. Alternative investments g. Total investments | \$ | 411,422 5,877,851 1,685,096 1,532,325 1,491,925 10,224,360 21,222,979 | \$ | 0 3,362,727 1,313,272 1,612,140 1,503,156 12,516,005 20,307,300 |
| 4. 5. 6. | Securities lending cash collateral invested Prepaid administrative expenses Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation | \$ | 92,040 1,092 2,770 | \$ | 159,112 598 2,688 |
| 7. | Total assets | \$ | 24,777,691 | \$ | 23,134,529 |
| 8. | Liabilities a. Due to other systems b. Accounts payable c. Investment fees payable d. Obligations under securities lending e. Deferred retirement benefits f. Due to employee insurance program g. Benefit payable h. Other liabilities i. Total liabilities | \$ | 492 1,174,897 8,056 92,040 468,074 52,489 3,404 186,917 1,986,369 | \$ | 507 784,847 8,212 159,112 385,716 42,469 2,910 213,848 1,597,621 |
| 9. | (Item 7 - Item 8.i.) | \$ | 22,791,322 | \$ | 21,536,908 |
| 10 | Asset allocation (investments) a. Net invested cash b. Domestic fixed income c. Global fixed income d. Domestic equities e. Global equities f. Alternative investments | | 8.7% 25.8% 7.4% 6.7% 6.5% 44.9% | | 5.7% 15.6% 6.1% 7.5% 7.0% 58.1% |
| | g. Total investments | | 100.0% | | 100.0% |

Reconciliation of System Net Assets

(Dollar amounts expressed in thousands)

| | | | Year E | Ending | |
|----|---|----|--------------|--------|-------------|
| | | J | July 1, 2013 | J | uly 1, 2012 |
| | | | (1) | | (2) |
| 1. | Value of assets at beginning of year | \$ | 21,536,908 | \$ | 22,395,029 |
| 2. | Revenue for the year | | | | |
| | a. Contributions | | | | |
| | i. Member contributions | \$ | 674,783 | \$ | 586,818 |
| | ii. Employer contributions | | 948,814 | | 825,385 |
| | iii. Total | \$ | 1,623,597 | \$ | 1,412,203 |
| | b. Income | ¢ | 2 60 001 | ¢ | 211.010 |
| | 1. Interest, dividends, and other income | \$ | 260,801 | \$ | 211,910 |
| | 11. Investment expenses | ¢ | (362,262) | ¢ | (47,713) |
| | III. INEL | Φ | (101,401) | Ф | 104,197 |
| | c. Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) | | 2,303,180 | | (54,890) |
| | d. Total revenue | \$ | 3,825,316 | \$ | 1,521,510 |
| 3. | Expenditures for the year | | | | |
| | a. Disbursements | | | | |
| | i. Refunds | \$ | 87,212 | \$ | 83,134 |
| | ii. Regular annuity benefits ¹ | | 2,441,221 | | 2,255,786 |
| | iii. Other benefit payments | | 19,769 | | 19,028 |
| | iv. Transfers to other systems | | 3,396 | | 2,184 |
| | v. Total | \$ | 2,551,598 | \$ | 2,360,132 |
| | b. Administrative expenses and depreciation | | 19,304 | | 19,499 |
| | c. Total expenditures | \$ | 2,570,902 | \$ | 2,379,631 |
| 4. | Increase in net assets | | | | |
| | (Item 2 Item 3.) | \$ | 1,254,414 | \$ | (858,121) |
| 5. | Value of assets at end of year | | | | |
| | (Item 1. + Item 4.) | \$ | 22,791,322 | \$ | 21,536,908 |
| 6. | Net external cash flow | | | | |
| | a. Dollar amount | \$ | (928,001) | \$ | (947,929) |
| | b. Percentage of market value | | -4.2% | | -4.3% |

¹ Amount includes the monthly benefits deferred in TERI and recorded as an expense for the year.

Development of Actuarial Value of Assets (Dollar amounts expressed in thousands)

| | | J | uly 1, 2013 |
|-----|--|----|-------------|
| | | | (1) |
| 1. | Actuarial value of assets at the prior valuation date | \$ | 25,540,749 |
| 2. | Market value of assets at the prior valuation date | \$ | 21,536,908 |
| 3. | Net external cash flow during the year | | |
| | a. Contributions | \$ | 1,623,597 |
| | b. Disbursements | | (2,551,598) |
| | c. Subtotal | \$ | (928,001) |
| 4. | Expected net investment income at 7.50% earned on | | |
| | a. Actuarial value of assets at the prior valuation date | \$ | 1,915,556 |
| | b. Contributions | | 60,885 |
| | c. Disbursements | | (95,685) |
| | d. Subtotal | \$ | 1,880,756 |
| 5. | Expected actuarial value of assets, end of year (Item 1. + Item 3.c. + Item 4.d.) | \$ | 26,493,504 |
| 6. | Market value of assets as of the current valuation date | \$ | 22,791,322 |
| 7. | Difference between expected actuarial assets and market value of assets (Item 6 Item 5.) | \$ | (3,702,182) |
| 8. | Excess/(shortfall) recognized (20% of Item 7.) | \$ | (740,436) |
| 9. | Actuarial value of plan assets, end of year (Item 5. + Item 8.) | \$ | 25,753,068 |
| 10. | Asset gain (loss) for year (Item 9 Item 5.) | \$ | (740,436) |
| 11. | Asset gain (loss) as % of the actuarial value of assets | | (2.88%) |
| 12. | Ratio of AVA to MVA | | 113.0% |

Estimation of Yields

(Dollar amounts expressed in thousands)

| | | | | Year l | ear Ending | | | |
|----|----|---|----|-------------|------------|--------------|--|--|
| | | | J | uly 1, 2013 | | July 1, 2012 | | |
| | | | | (1) | | (2) | | |
| 1. | Ma | arket value yield | | | | | | |
| | a. | Beginning of year market assets | \$ | 21,536,908 | \$ | 22,395,029 | | |
| | b. | Contributions to fund during the year | | 1,623,597 | | 1,412,203 | | |
| | c. | Disbursements | | (2,551,598) | | (2,360,132) | | |
| | d. | Investment income | | 2,182,415 | | 89,808 | | |
| | | (net of investment and administrative expenses) | | | | | | |
| | e. | End of year market assets | \$ | 22,791,322 | \$ | 21,536,908 | | |
| | f. | Estimated dollar-weighted market value yield | | 10.4% | | 0.4% | | |
| 2. | Ac | tuarial value yield | | | | | | |
| | a. | Beginning of year actuarial assets | \$ | 25,540,749 | \$ | 25,604,823 | | |
| | b. | Contributions to fund during the year | | 1,623,597 | | 1,412,203 | | |
| | c. | Disbursements | | (2,551,598) | | (2,360,132) | | |
| | d. | Investment income | | 1,140,320 | | 883,855 | | |
| | | (net of investment and administrative expenses) | | | | | | |
| | e. | End of year actuarial assets | \$ | 25,753,068 | \$ | 25,540,749 | | |
| | f. | Estimated actuarial value yield | | 4.5% | | 3.5% | | |

Schedule of Funding Progress (Dollar amounts expressed in thousands)

| | | | | | Unfu | nded Actuarial | | | | | |
|---------|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|--------------|----------------------|--------------|-----------------|--|
| | Act | uarial Value of | Act | uarial Accrued | Acci | rued Liability | Funded Ratio | An | nual Covered | UAAL as % of | |
| July 1, | Assets (AVA) | | Liability (AAL) | | (UAAL) (3) - (2) | | (2)/(3) | Payroll ¹ | | Payroll (4)/(6) | |
| (1) | | (2) | | (3) | | (4) | (5) | | (6) | (7) | |
| 2001 | \$ | 18,486,773 | \$ | 21,162,147 | \$ | 2,675,374 | 87.4% | \$ | 6,017,537 | 44.5% | |
| 2002 | | 19,298,174 | | 22,446,574 | | 3,148,400 | 86.0% | | 6,147,712 | 51.2% | |
| 2003 | | 20,197,936 | | 24,398,931 | | 4,200,995 | 82.8% | | 6,240,768 | 67.3% | |
| 2004 | | 20,862,659 | | 25,977,852 | | 5,115,193 | 80.3% | | 6,180,599 | 82.8% | |
| 2005 | | 21,625,510 | | 30,217,471 | | 8,591,961 | 71.6% | | 6,356,489 | 135.2% | |
| 2006 | | 22,293,446 | | 32,018,519 | | 9,725,073 | 69.6% | | 6,733,379 | 144.4% | |
| 2007 | | 23,541,438 | | 33,766,678 | | 10,225,240 | 69.7% | | 7,093,181 | 144.2% | |
| 2008 | | 24,699,678 | | 35,663,419 | | 10,963,741 | 69.3% | | 7,559,172 | 145.0% | |
| 2009 | | 25,183,062 | | 37,150,315 | | 11,967,253 | 67.8% | | 7,761,808 | 154.2% | |
| 2010 | | 25,400,331 | | 38,774,029 | | 13,373,698 | 65.5% | | 7,769,820 | 172.1% | |
| 2011 | | 25,604,823 | | 38,011,610 | | 12,406,787 | 67.4% | | 7,687,558 | 161.4% | |
| 2012 | | 25,540,749 | | 39,457,708 | | 13,916,959 | 64.7% | | 7,356,231 | 189.2% | |
| 2013 | | 25,753,068 | | 41,196,062 | | 15,442,994 | 62.5% | | 7,434,820 | 207.7% | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

¹ Covered payroll does not include payroll attributable to members in ORP, TERI, or working retirees.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (as required by GASB #25)

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

| Valuation date: | July 1, 2013 |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| Actuarial cost method: | Entry Age Normal |
| Amortization method: | Level percentage of payroll |
| Amortization period for GASB 25 ARC: | 30-year open period ¹ |
| Asset valuation method: | 5-year smoothed market |
| Actuarial assumptions: | |
| Investment rate of return ² | 7.50% |
| Projected salary increases ² | 3.50% to 12.50% (varies by service) |
| Inflation | 2.75% |
| Post-retirement benefit adjustments ³ | 1.00% |

¹ The employer and member contribution rates are determined in accordance with Section 9-1-1085 of the South Carolina Code.

² Includes inflation at 2.75%

³ The benefit increase is the lesser of 1.00% or \$500 annually.

Solvency Test (Dollar amounts expressed in thousands)

| | Ac | ctuarial Accrued Li | ability | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---------------|---------------------|---------|-----------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|--|--|
| | Active | | Acti | ve & Inactive | | Portion of Aggregate Accrued | | | | |
| | Member | Retirants & | | Members | Valuation | Liabil | ities Covered b | y Assets | | |
| July 1, | Contributions | Beneficiaries | (Emp | loyer Financed) | Assets | Active | Retirants | ER Financed | | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | | |
| 2001 | \$ 4 339 747 | \$ 10 367 913 | \$ | 6 454 487 | \$ 18 486 773 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 58.6% | | |
| 2001 | 4,512,402 | 11.600.395 | Ψ | 6,333,777 | ^(10,400,775) | 100.0% | 100.0% | 50.3% | | |
| 2002 | 4,627,360 | 13,240,368 | | 6,531,203 | 20,197,936 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 35.7% | | |
| 2004 | 4,750,077 | 14,184,765 | | 7,043,010 | 20,862,659 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 27.4% | | |
| 2005 | 4,915,423 | 16,891,954 | | 8,410,094 | 21,625,510 | 100.0% | 98.9% | 0.0% | | |
| 2006 | 5,229,175 | 17,800,254 | | 8,989,090 | 22,293,446 | 100.0% | 95.9% | 0.0% | | |
| 2007 | 5,464,756 | 19,084,672 | | 9,217,250 | 23,541,438 | 100.0% | 94.7% | 0.0% | | |
| 2008 | 5,708,022 | 20,624,862 | | 9,329,937 | 24,699,678 | 100.0% | 92.1% | 0.0% | | |
| 2009 | 5,980,022 | 21,381,561 | | 9,788,732 | 25,183,062 | 100.0% | 89.8% | 0.0% | | |
| 2010 | 6,222,854 | 22,585,243 | | 9,965,932 | 25,400,331 | 100.0% | 84.9% | 0.0% | | |
| 2011 | 6,472,646 | 23,160,658 | | 8,378,306 | 25,604,823 | 100.0% | 82.6% | 0.0% | | |
| 2012 | 6,459,192 | 24,732,406 | | 8,266,110 | 25,540,749 | 100.0% | 77.2% | 0.0% | | |
| 2013 | 6,491,895 | 26,548,472 | | 8,155,695 | 25,753,068 | 100.0% | 72.6% | 0.0% | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

SECTION D MEMBERSHIP DATA

Membership Tables

| TABLE <u>NUMBER</u> | PAGE | CONTENT OF TABLE |
|------------------------|------|---|
| 13 | 30 | SUMMARY OF MEMBERSHIP DATA |
| 14 | 31 | SUMMARY OF CONTRIBUTING MEMBERSHIP DATA |
| 15 | 32 | SUMMARY OF HISTORICAL ACTIVE MEMBER DATA |
| 16 | 33 | DISTRIBUTION OF ACTIVE MEMBERS BY AGE AND SERVICE |
| 17 | 34 | SCHEDULE OF ANNUITANTS BY BENEFIT TYPE |
| 18 | 35 | DISTRIBUTION OF ANNUITANTS BY MONTHLY BENEFIT |
| 19 | 36 | SCHEDULE OF RETIRANTS ADDED TO AND REMOVED FROM ROLLS |
| | | |

Summary of Membership Data

| | | | July 1, 2013 | July 1, 2012 |
|----|----------------------------------|-------------|---------------|---------------------|
| | | | (1) | (2) |
| 1. | Active members | | | |
| | a. Males | | 56,892 | 57,209 |
| | b. Females | | 127,798 | 128,539 |
| | c. Total members | | 184,690 | 185,748 |
| | d. Total annualized prior year p | pay \$ | 7,103,023,052 | \$ 7,031,748,709 |
| | e. Average pay | \$ | 38,459 | \$ 37,856 |
| | f. Average age | | 45.2 | 45.3 |
| | g. Average service | | 10.2 | 10.4 |
| | h. Member contributions with i | interest \$ | 5,704,051,368 | \$ 5,681,226,665 |
| | i. Average contributions with i | interest \$ | 30,884 | \$ 30,586 |
| 2. | Vested inactive members | | | |
| | a. Number | | 18,641 | 18,234 |
| | b. Total annual deferred benefi | ts \$ | 114,453,095 | \$ 110,708,433 |
| | c. Average annual deferred ber | nefit \$ | 6,140 | \$ 6,072 |
| 3. | Nonvested inactive members | | | |
| | a. Number | | 137,590 | 135,839 |
| | b. Member contributions with i | interest \$ | 195,927,339 | \$ 192,790,075 |
| | c. Average contributions with i | interest \$ | 1,424 | \$ 1,419 |
| 4. | Service retirees | | | |
| | a. Number | | 105,813 | 100,685 |
| | b. Total annual benefits | \$ | 2,227,337,459 | \$ 2,084,693,740 |
| | c. Average annual benefit | \$ | 21,050 | \$ 20,705 |
| | d. Average age at the valuation | date | 68.9 | 68.9 |
| 5. | Disabled retirees | | | |
| | a. Number | | 13,329 | 12,941 |
| | b. Total annual benefits | \$ | 180,095,624 | \$ 172,979,230 |
| | c. Average annual benefit | \$ | 13,512 | \$ 13,367 |
| | d. Average age at the valuation | date | 62.4 | 62.2 |
| 6. | Beneficiaries | | | |
| | a. Number | | 8,554 | 8,301 |
| | b. Total annual benefits | \$ | 99,194,071 | \$ 94,514,806 |
| | c. Average annual benefit | \$ | 11,596 | \$ 11,386 |
| | d. Average age at the valuation | date | 67.5 | 67.4 |

Summary of Contributing Membership Data

(Dollar amounts expressed in thousands)

| | | Ju | ine 30, 2013 | J | une 30, 2012 |
|----|--------------------------------------|----------|---------------------|----------|--------------|
| | | | (1) | | (2) |
| 1. | Active Members | | | | |
| | a. Number of state employees | ¢ | 49,198 | ¢ | 50,318 |
| | Total annual compensation | \$ | 2,093,573 | \$ | 2,092,882 |
| | b. Number of public school employees | | 82,325 | | 82,329 |
| | Total annual compensation | \$ | 3,099,720 | \$ | 3,053,114 |
| | c. Number of other agency employees | | 53,167 | | 53,101 |
| | Total annual compensation | \$ | 1,909,730 | \$ | 1,885,753 |
| | Total number of active members | | 184,690 | | 185,748 |
| | Total annual compensation | \$ | 7,103,023 | \$ | 7,031,749 |
| | | | | | |
| 2. | TERI Paricipants | | 2 00 1 | | 2.250 |
| | a. Number of state employees | ¢ | 2,904 | ¢ | 2,368 |
| | Total annual compensation | φ | 145,955 | φ | 134,871 |
| | b. Number of public school employees | ¢ | 4,673 | <i>.</i> | 3,650 |
| | Total annual compensation | \$ | 225,148 | \$ | 202,277 |
| | c. Number of other agency employees | | 939 | | 767 |
| | Total annual compensation | \$ | 41,975 | \$ | 40,727 |
| | Number of active TERI partipants | | 8,516 | | 6,785 |
| | Total annual compensation | \$ | 411,076 | \$ | 377,875 |
| | | | | | |
| 3. | Rehired Retired Participants | | 5.007 | | 4 909 |
| | a. Number of state employees | ¢ | 5,226 | ¢ | 4,898 |
| | Total annual compensation | φ | 101,904 | φ | 154,025 |
| | b. Number of public school employees | . | 9,804 | . | 8,866 |
| | Total annual compensation | \$ | 262,615 | \$ | 241,616 |
| | c. Number of other agency employees | | 3,263 | | 3,403 |
| | Total annual compensation | \$ | 115,173 | \$ | 103,554 |
| | Number of rehired retired members | | 18,293 | | 17,167 |
| | Total annual compensation | \$ | 539,692 | \$ | 499,793 |
| 4 | ODD De attain easte | | | | |
| 4. | ORP Participants | | 12 612 | | 12 400 |
| | Total annual compensation | \$ | 739 367 | \$ | 721 905 |
| | | Ý | ,30,307 | Ψ | (10) |
| | b. Number of public school employees | ¢ | 8,288 | ¢ | 6,134 |
| | Total annual compensation | ф | 519,050 | Ф | 248,037 |
| | Number of ORP members | ¢ | 20,900 | ¢ | 19,622 |
| | Total annual compensation | \$ | 1,058,397 | \$ | 969,962 |
| 5 | All Groups Combined | | | | |
| 5. | a. Number of state employees | | 69.940 | | 71.072 |
| | Total annual compensation | \$ | 3,138,797 | \$ | 3,104,281 |
| | h Number of public school amployees | | 105.000 | | 100.070 |
| | Total annual compensation | \$ | 3 906 513 | \$ | 3 745 064 |
| | Number of other operation | Ψ | 5,700,515 | Ψ | 5,775,004 |
| | c. Number of other agency employees | ¢ | 5/,369 2 066 879 | ¢ | 57,271 |
| | | φ | 2,000,078 | ψ | 2,030,034 |
| | I otal number members | ¢ | 232,399 | ¢ | 229,322 |
| | i otai aiiiuai compensation | Э | 7,112,100 | ð | 0,0/9,3/9 |

Note: Total compensation is the annualized pay for the prior year.

Summary of Historical Active Membership

| | | Active Members | | Covered I | Covered Payroll ¹ | | | nnual Pay | | | |
|---------|---------------------------|----------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|--------|--------|------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|--|
| July 1, | Number of Employers | Number | Percent Increase /(Decrease) | Amount in Thousands | Percent Increase /(Decrease) | Amount | | Percent Increase /(Decrease) | Average Age | Average Service | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (| (1) | (8) | (9) | (10) | |
| 2001 | 739 | 191,494 | 2.7% | \$ 6,017,537 | 2.3% | \$ | 31,424 | 5.15% | N/A | N/A | |
| 2002 | 746 | 189,166 | -1.2% | 6,147,712 | 2.2% | | 32,499 | 3.42% | 44 | 10 | |
| 2003 | 763 | 185,538 | -1.9% | 6,240,768 | 1.5% | | 33,636 | 3.50% | 44 | 10 | |
| 2004 | 763 | 181,827 | -2.0% | 6,180,599 | -1.0% | | 33,992 | 1.06% | 44 | 10 | |
| 2005 | 768 | 181,022 | -0.4% | 6,356,489 | 2.8% | | 35,114 | 3.30% | 44 | 10 | |
| 2006 | 763 | 184,282 | 1.8% | 6,733,379 | 5.9% | | 36,538 | 4.06% | 45 | 10 | |
| 2007 | 777 | 187,968 | 2.0% | 7,093,181 | 5.3% | | 37,736 | 3.28% | 45 | 10 | |
| 2008 | 776 | 192,820 | 2.6% | 7,559,172 | 6.6% | | 39,203 | 3.89% | 45 | 10 | |
| 2009 | 781 | 192,319 | -0.3% | 7,761,808 | 2.7% | | 40,359 | 2.95% | 45 | 10 | |
| 2010 | 800 | 190,239 | -1.1% | 7,769,820 | -4.7% | | 40,842 | 1.20% | 45 | 10 | |
| 2011 | 803 | 187,611 | -1.4% | 7,687,558 | -1.1% | | 40,976 | 0.33% | 45 | 11 | |
| 2012 | 806 | 185,748 | -1.0% | 7,356,231 | -4.3% | | 39,603 | -3.35% | 45 | 10 | |
| 2013 | 808 | 184,690 | -0.6% | 7,434,820 | 1.1% | | 40,256 | 1.65% | 45 | 10 | |

¹ Covered payroll is the annualized, projected compensation for the following year and does not include payroll attributable to members in ORP, TERI, or working retirees.

Distribution of Active Members by Age and by Years of Service

| | Years of Credited Service | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|----------------|------------|----------------|------------|
| • | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-34 | 35 & Over | Total |
| Attained | Count & | Count & | Count & | Count & | Count & | Count & | Count & | Count & | Count & | Count & | Count & | Count & | Count & |
| Age | Avg. Comp. | Avg. Comp. | Avg. Comp. | Avg. Comp. | Avg. Comp. | Avg. Comp. | Avg. Comp. | Avg. Comp. | Avg. Comp. | Avg. Comp. | Avg. Comp. | Avg. Comp. | Avg. Comp. |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Under 20 | 186 | 22 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 212 |
| | \$4,971 | \$10,680 | \$36,943 | \$100 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$5,993 |
| 20-24 | 2,302 | 1.749 | 722 | 240 | 120 | 66 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5,199 |
| 202. | \$11,595 | \$25,440 | \$27,468 | \$23,980 | \$24,221 | \$26,082 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$19,504 |
| 25.20 | 2 708 | 2 1/2 | 2 525 | 1 802 | 1 502 | 3 520 | 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 520 |
| 23-29 | 2,798 \$15,013 | \$29.477 | \$32.241 | \$34 355 | 1,393 \$34 131 | \$35 114 | 50 \$23 718 | 0 \$0 | 50 | 50 50 | 0 \$0 | 50 | \$29.661 |
| | \$15,015 | ¢29,477 | ¢52,241 | ¢54,555 | \$54,151 | ¢33,114 | ¢23,710 | φ0 | ψŪ | φθ | φθ | φ0 | \$29,001 |
| 30-34 | 1,953 | 2,077 | 1,526 | 1,284 | 1,362 | 8,685 | 2,077 | 42 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19,006 |
| | \$15,567 | \$31,265 | \$33,826 | \$36,572 | \$36,978 | \$39,244 | \$43,007 | \$32,885 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$35,558 |
| 35-39 | 1,721 | 1,700 | 1,274 | 993 | 1,102 | 6,174 | 5,962 | 1,893 | 27 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20,846 |
| | \$15,363 | \$31,198 | \$34,888 | \$35,847 | \$37,254 | \$39,156 | \$47,017 | \$49,640 | \$40,785 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$39,226 |
| 40-44 | 1,660 | 1.792 | 1.316 | 1.106 | 1.117 | 5,984 | 5,194 | 5,938 | 1.617 | 63 | 0 | 0 | 25,787 |
| | \$14,023 | \$31,713 | \$33,082 | \$35,371 | \$38,598 | \$38,377 | \$44,805 | \$52,828 | \$54,307 | \$47,222 | \$0 | \$0 | \$41,599 |
| 45 40 | 1 527 | 1 422 | 1 104 | 041 | 040 | 5 404 | 4 600 | 4.010 | 4 408 | 1 527 | 19 | 0 | 26 100 |
| 43-49 | \$15.486 | \$30.361 | \$31.453 | \$35.613 | \$36.082 | \$36.410 | 4,009 \$41,858 | \$47.206 | 4,490 \$54,640 | \$54.412 | \$52 387 | 0 \$0 | \$41.421 |
| | \$15,400 | \$50,501 | <i>ф</i> 51, 4 55 | \$55,015 | \$50,002 | φ30,417 | \$ 4 1,000 | \$77,290 | φ54,049 | \$57,712 | \$52,507 | φυ | φ+1,+21 |
| 50-54 | 1,328 | 1,253 | 1,058 | 929 | 927 | 5,221 | 4,771 | 4,042 | 3,656 | 3,398 | 328 | 7 | 26,918 |
| | \$15,359 | \$30,102 | \$32,198 | \$33,123 | \$36,553 | \$36,424 | \$39,802 | \$44,189 | \$50,727 | \$56,115 | \$58,817 | \$29,142 | \$41,279 |
| 55-59 | 949 | 1,084 | 876 | 769 | 759 | 4,599 | 4,227 | 4,065 | 3,384 | 2,275 | 521 | 109 | 23,617 |
| | \$14,956 | \$31,431 | \$31,381 | \$33,160 | \$34,860 | \$35,950 | \$39,405 | \$42,446 | \$47,941 | \$53,566 | \$61,323 | \$59,758 | \$40,425 |
| 60-64 | 509 | 575 | 517 | 179 | 559 | 3 186 | 2 705 | 2 556 | 2 090 | 1 324 | 270 | 164 | 1/ 93/ |
| 00-04 | \$13,291 | \$27.338 | \$29.340 | \$31,284 | \$31,931 | \$36.624 | \$40,567 | \$43,520 | \$47,111 | \$52,130 | \$68,126 | \$66.084 | \$40,502 |
| | \$10,271 | \$27,888 | \$27,810 | ¢01,201 | ¢01,901 | 1,750 | 1.067 | ¢.0,020 | 4.7,111 | ¢02,100 | \$00,120 | 400,001 | ¢.0,002 |
| 65 & Over | \$334 | 551 ¢19.699 | \$24 | ¢22.106 | \$16 | 1,/58 | 1,267 | \$06 ¢ 42 (78 | 461 ¢ 45 222 | 358 ¢52 225 | ¢67.626 | 104 #77.661 | 6,442 |
| | \$11,810 | \$18,688 | \$18,338 | \$23,106 | \$26,368 | \$30,380 | \$34,338 | \$42,678 | \$45,332 | \$53,325 | \$07,030 | \$77,661 | \$33,112 |
| Total | 15,267 | 15,168 | 11,345 | 8,886 | 8,804 | 44,697 | 30,850 | 23,352 | 15,733 | 8,955 | 1,249 | 384 | 184,690 |
| | \$14,324 | \$29,630 | \$31,864 | \$34,102 | \$35,504 | \$37,219 | \$42,331 | \$46,912 | \$50,961 | \$54,412 | \$62,573 | \$66,750 | \$38,458 |

| | | | | Average | |
|------------------|---------|---------------------|----|---------|--|
| Type of Benefit/ | | Annual | | Monthly | |
| Form of Payment | Number | Benefits Amount | | Benefit | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | - | (4) | |
| Service : | | | | | |
| Maximum & QDRO | 71,313 | \$ 1,393,738,321 | \$ | 1,629 | |
| 100% J&S | 16,151 | 370,483,840 | | 1,912 | |
| 50% J&S | 11,037 | 300,592,755 | | 2,270 | |
| 10 Years C&L | 552 | 10,796,863 | | 1,630 | |
| Level Income | 6,760 | 151,725,681 | | 1,870 | |
| Subtotal: | 105,813 | \$ 2,227,337,459 | | 1,754 | |
| Disability: | | | | | |
| Maximum | 10,990 | \$ 150,398,862 | \$ | 1,140 | |
| 100% J&S | 1,332 | 14,201,719 | | 888 | |
| 50% J&S | 845 | 13,445,655 | | 1,326 | |
| 10 Years C&L | 162 | 2,049,389 | | 1,054 | |
| Subtotal: | 13,329 | \$ 180,095,624 | | 1,126 | |
| Beneficiaries: | 8,554 | \$ 99,194,087 | \$ | 966 | |
| Total: | 127,696 | \$ 2,506,627,170 | \$ | 1,636 | |

Schedule of Annuitants by Type of Benefit

| | N | Ionth | ly | Number of | | | Average |
|---|-------|------------------------------|-------------|------------|----------------|--------|---------|
| | Benet | fit Ar | nount | Annuitants | Female | Male | Service |
| | | (1) | | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| | I | ndor | \$200 | 7 288 | 1 817 | 2 116 | 7 16 |
| ¢ | 200 | nuci | φ200 200 | 11 211 | 4,042 8,460 | 2,440 | 10.06 |
| φ | 200 | - | 500 | 11,011 | 8,400 7,052 | 3,351 | 10.90 |
| | 400 | - | 399 700 | 11,212 | 11,212 /,953 | | 14.00 |
| | 000 | 0 - 799 0 - 999 | | 9,567 | 6,969 | 2,598 | 10.97 |
| | 800 | 000 - 999 | | 8,365 | 5,982 | 2,383 | 19.48 |
| | 1,000 | 1,000 - 1,199 | | 7,612 | 5,466 | 2,146 | 21.78 |
| | 1,200 | - | 1,399 | 7,053 | 5,067 | 1,986 | 23.64 |
| | 1,400 | - | 1,599 | 6,630 | 4,727 | 1,903 | 25.04 |
| | 1,600 | - | 1,799 | 6,288 | 4,475 | 1,813 | 26.43 |
| | 1,800 | ,600 - 1,799 ,800 - 1,999 | | 6,132 | 4,271 | 1,861 | 27.32 |
| | 2,000 | - | 2,199 | 6,780 | 4,954 | 1,826 | 27.95 |
| | 2,200 | - | 2,399 | 6,965 | 5,192 | 1,773 | 28.38 |
| | 2,400 | - | 2,599 | 7,247 | 5,427 | 1,820 | 28.68 |
| | 2,600 | - | 2,799 | 5,848 | 4,215 | 1,633 | 29.12 |
| | 2,800 | - | 2,999 | 4,173 | 2,834 | 1,339 | 29.43 |
| | 3,000 | _ | 3,199 | 3,120 | 1,875 | 1,245 | 29.70 |
| | 3,200 | - | 3,399 | 2,226 | 1,219 | 1,007 | 29.89 |
| | 3,400 | - | 3,599 | 1,740 | 934 | 806 | 30.16 |
| | 3,600 | - | 3,799 | 1,412 | 692 | 720 | 30.10 |
| | 3,800 | - | 3,999 | 1,223 | 560 | 663 | 30.40 |
| | 4,000 | & | Over | 5,004 | 1,613 | 3,391 | 31.30 |
| I | Total | | | 127,696 | 87,727 | 39,969 | 22.19 |

Distribution of Annuitants by Monthly Benefit

Schedule of Retirants Added to And Removed from Rolls

(Dollar amounts except average allowance expressed in thousands)

| Added to Rolls | | Rolls | Removed from Rolls | | | Rolls End | l of tł | ne Year | % Increase | | Average | |
|----------------|--------|-------|--------------------|--------|----|-----------|---------|---------|------------|---------|---------|---------|
| Year | | | Annual | Annual | | | | Annual | in Annual | | Annual | |
| Ended | Number | - | Benefits | Number |] | Benefits | Number | | Benefits | Benefit | | Benefit |
| (1) | (2) | | (3) | (4) | | (5) | (6) | | (7) | (8) | | (9) |
| 2001 | 10 500 | ¢ | 294 720 | 2 474 | ¢ | 00 705 | 74.054 | ¢ | 1 005 (24 | 21 70/ | ¢ | 14.000 |
| 2001 | 12,523 | \$ | 284,739 | 2,474 | \$ | 23,735 | /4,054 | \$ | 1,085,634 | 31./% | \$ | 14,660 |
| 2002 | 7,344 | | 140,077 | 2,334 | | 24,531 | 79,064 | | 1,201,180 | 10.6% | | 15,193 |
| 2003 | 7,866 | | 163,867 | 2,510 | | 27,662 | 84,420 | | 1,337,385 | 11.3% | | 15,842 |
| 2004 | 7,319 | | 151,477 | 2,132 | | 22,656 | 89,607 | | 1,466,206 | 9.6% | | 16,363 |
| 2005 | 7,203 | | 167,748 | 2,143 | | 23,537 | 94,667 | | 1,610,417 | 9.8% | | 17,011 |
| 2006 | 4,621 | | 118,271 | 2,083 | | 24,099 | 97,205 | | 1,704,589 | 5.8% | | 17,536 |
| 2007 | 5,944 | | 130,286 | 2,252 | | 28,455 | 100,897 | | 1,806,420 | 6.0% | | 17,904 |
| 2008 | 6,021 | | 132,856 | 2,396 | | 30,178 | 104,522 | | 1,909,098 | 5.7% | | 18,265 |
| 2009 | 6,190 | | 101,813 | 2,698 | | 36,834 | 108,014 | | 1,974,077 | 3.4% | | 18,276 |
| 2010 | 6,596 | | 151,348 | 3,216 | | 44,049 | 111,394 | | 2,081,376 | 5.4% | | 18,685 |
| 2011 | 6,336 | | 141,242 | 2,358 | | 31,382 | 115,372 | | 2,191,236 | 5.3% | | 18,993 |
| 2012 | 9,523 | | 205,050 | 2,968 | | 44,099 | 121,927 | | 2,352,188 | 7.3% | | 19,292 |
| 2013 | 9,088 | | 204,581 | 3,319 | | 50,142 | 127,696 | | 2,506,627 | 6.6% | | 19,630 |

Includes Teacher and Employee Retention Incentive (TERI) participants.

Annual benefits added to rolls includes the benefit adjustments provided to continuing retirees.

APPENDIX A

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The following presents a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods used in the valuation of the South Carolina Retirement System.

Investment Rate of Return

Assumed annual rate of 7.50% net of investment and administrative expenses composed of a 2.75% inflation component and a 4.75% real rate of return, net of investment and administration expenses.

Rates of Annual Salary Increase

Rates of annual salary increase are assumed to vary for the first 19 years of service due to expected merit and promotional increases which differs by employee group. Beginning with the 20^{th} year of service, the assumed annual rate of increase is 3.50% for both groups and for all future years of service.

The 3.50% rate of increase is composed of a 2.75% inflation component and a 0.75% real rate of wage increase (productivity) component.

| | Active Male & Female Salary Increase Rate | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | General H | Employees | Teac | chers | | | | | | | | | |
| Years of Service | Annual Promotional/Longevity Rates of Increase | Total Annual Rate of Increase Including 3.50% Wage Inflation | Annual Promotional/Longevity Rates of Increase | Total Annual Rate of Increase Including 3.50% Wage Inflation | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 2.50% | 6.00% | 4.00% | 7.50% | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 2.50% | 6.00% | 9.00% | 12.50% | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | 2.00% | 5.50% | 3.00% | 6.50% | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | 1.50% | 5.00% | 2.75% | 6.25% | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | 1.25% | 4.75% | 2.50% | 6.00% | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | 1.00% | 4.50% | 2.25% | 5.75% | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | 0.75% | 4.25% | 2.00% | 5.50% | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | 0.50% | 4.00% | 1.75% | 5.25% | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | 0.50% | 4.00% | 1.75% | 5.25% | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | 0.25% | 3.75% | 1.50% | 5.00% | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | 0.25% | 3.75% | 1.50% | 5.00% | | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | 0.25% | 3.75% | 1.50% | 5.00% | | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | 0.25% | 3.75% | 1.25% | 4.75% | | | | | | | | | |
| 13 | 0.25% | 3.75% | 1.00% | 4.50% | | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | 0.00% | 3.50% | 1.00% | 4.50% | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | 0.00% | 3.50% | 1.00% | 4.50% | | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | 0.00% | 3.50% | 0.75% | 4.25% | | | | | | | | | |
| 17 | 0.00% | 3.50% | 0.50% | 4.00% | | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | 0.00% | 3.50% | 0.25% | 3.75% | | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | 0.00% | 3.50% | 0.25% | 3.75% | | | | | | | | | |
| 20+ | 0.00% | 3.50% | 0.00% | 3.50% | | | | | | | | | |

Active Member Decrement Rates

a. Assumed rate of Service Retirement or TERI entry are shown in the following tables. The first table is for members who attain age 65 before attaining 28 years of service. The second table is based on service and is for members who attain 28 years of service before age 65.

| Annual Age Based Retirement Rates | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|------|---------|-----------|--------|-------|--------|-------|--------|-------------|--|--|--|
| Members | | | | Clas | s Two | | | | Class Three | | | |
| | | General | Employees | | | Tea | chers | | | | | |
| Age | Re | duced | Nor | ·mal* | Re | duced | Noi | rmal* | Rule of | | | |
| | Male | Female | Male | Female | Male | Female | Male | Female | 90 | | | |
| 55 | 4% | 4% | 0% | 0% | 2% | 2% | 0% | 0% | 20% | | | |
| 56 | 4% | 4% | 0% | 0% | 2% | 2% | 0% | 0% | 20% | | | |
| 57 | 4% | 4% | 0% | 0% | 2% | 2% | 0% | 0% | 20% | | | |
| 58 | 4% | 4% | 0% | 0% | 2% | 2% | 0% | 0% | 20% | | | |
| 59 | 4% | 4% | 0% | 0% | 2% | 2% | 0% | 0% | 20% | | | |
| 60 | 5% | 7% | 0% | 0% | 5% | 6% | 0% | 0% | 20% | | | |
| 61 | 5% | 7% | 0% | 0% | 6% | 6% | 0% | 0% | 20% | | | |
| 62 | 14% | 13% | 0% | 0% | 12% | 11% | 0% | 0% | 20% | | | |
| 63 | 10% | 13% | 0% | 0% | 12% | 10% | 0% | 0% | 20% | | | |
| 64 | 10% | 13% | 0% | 0% | 9% | 10% | 0% | 0% | 20% | | | |
| 65 | 0% | 0% | 20% | 22% | 0% | 0% | 20% | 25% | 20% | | | |
| 66 | 0% | 0% | 20% | 22% | 0% | 0% | 20% | 25% | 20% | | | |
| 67 | 0% | 0% | 17% | 19% | 0% | 0% | 20% | 20% | 20% | | | |
| 68 | 0% | 0% | 17% | 19% | 0% | 0% | 20% | 20% | 20% | | | |
| 69 | 0% | 0% | 17% | 19% | 0% | 0% | 20% | 20% | 20% | | | |
| 70 | 0% | 0% | 17% | 19% | 0% | 0% | 20% | 20% | 20% | | | |
| 71 | 0% | 0% | 17% | 19% | 0% | 0% | 20% | 20% | 20% | | | |
| 72 | 0% | 0% | 17% | 19% | 0% | 0% | 20% | 20% | 20% | | | |
| 73 | 0% | 0% | 17% | 19% | 0% | 0% | 20% | 20% | 20% | | | |
| 74 | 0% | 0% | 17% | 19% | 0% | 0% | 20% | 20% | 20% | | | |
| 75 | 0% | 0% | 100% | 100% | 0% | 0% | 100% | 100% | 100% | | | |

* Retirement rate 50% at the later of age 62 or when they are first eligible for a normal retirement benefit, the first age the member is eligible to concurrently commence benefits and continue employment.

| Annual Service Based Retirement Rates* | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------|---------------|------|--------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | Class Two Mem | bers | | | | | | | | | |
| Years of | General | Employees | Tea | chers | | | | | | | | |
| Service | Male | Female | Male | Female | | | | | | | | |
| 28 | 15% | 18% | 7% | 8% | | | | | | | | |
| 29 | 10% | 10% | 8% | 9% | | | | | | | | |
| 30 | 10% | 10% | 8% | 9% | | | | | | | | |
| 31 | 10% | 10% | 9% | 10% | | | | | | | | |
| 32 | 10% | 10% | 10% | 11% | | | | | | | | |
| 33 | 18% | 20% | 11% | 12% | | | | | | | | |
| 34 | 18% | 20% | 12% | 18% | | | | | | | | |
| 35 | 18% | 20% | 13% | 18% | | | | | | | | |
| 36 | 20% | 20% | 14% | 18% | | | | | | | | |
| 37 | 20% | 20% | 18% | 18% | | | | | | | | |
| 38 | 20% | 20% | 17% | 19% | | | | | | | | |
| 39 | 20% | 20% | 17% | 20% | | | | | | | | |
| 40 | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | | | | | | | | |
| 41 | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | | | | | | | | |
| 42 | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | | | | | | | | |
| 43 | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | | | | | | | | |
| 44 | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | | | | | | | | |
| 45 | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | | | | | | | | |
| 46 | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | | | | | | | | |
| 47 | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | | | | | | | | |
| 48 | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | | | | | | | | |

* Retirement rate 50% at the later of age 62 or when they are first eligible for a normal retirement benefit, the first age the member is eligible to concurrently commence benefits and continue employment.

| or resolution faces of disability are shown in the following their | b. | Assumed rates | s of disability ar | e shown in | the following | ng table. |
|--|----|---------------|--------------------|------------|---------------|-----------|
|--|----|---------------|--------------------|------------|---------------|-----------|

| Disability Rates | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|-----------|-----------|----------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | General I | Employees | Teachers | | | | | | | | | |
| Age | Males | Females | Males | Females | | | | | | | | |
| 25 | 0.0504% | 0.0464% | 0.0419% | 0.0458% | | | | | | | | |
| 30 | 0.1008% | 0.0650% | 0.0629% | 0.0616% | | | | | | | | |
| 35 | 0.1512% | 0.1299% | 0.0838% | 0.0616% | | | | | | | | |
| 40 | 0.2520% | 0.1670% | 0.1572% | 0.1074% | | | | | | | | |
| 45 | 0.3528% | 0.2413% | 0.2620% | 0.2200% | | | | | | | | |
| 50 | 0.5040% | 0.4083% | 0.4192% | 0.3520% | | | | | | | | |
| 55 | 0.8064% | 0.6496% | 0.6812% | 0.5720% | | | | | | | | |
| 60 | 1.0080% | 0.9930% | 1.0480% | 0.8800% | | | | | | | | |
| 64 | 1.2600% | 1.3827% | 1.3100% | 1.1000% | | | | | | | | |

c. Active Member Mortality

Rates of active member mortality are based upon a client specific table with applicable multipliers to match the experience.

| | Active Mortality Rates (Multiplier Applied) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|---|-----------|----------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | General I | Employees | Teachers | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Age | Males | Females | Males | Females | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25 | 0.0414% | 0.0166% | 0.0432% | 0.0145% | | | | | | | | | | |
| 30 | 0.0488% | 0.0211% | 0.0511% | 0.0185% | | | | | | | | | | |
| 35 | 0.0850% | 0.0380% | 0.0889% | 0.0333% | | | | | | | | | | |
| 40 | 0.1187% | 0.0565% | 0.1241% | 0.0494% | | | | | | | | | | |
| 45 | 0.1659% | 0.0899% | 0.1734% | 0.0787% | | | | | | | | | | |
| 50 | 0.2352% | 0.1341% | 0.2459% | 0.1173% | | | | | | | | | | |
| 55 | 0.3332% | 0.2021% | 0.3483% | 0.1768% | | | | | | | | | | |
| 60 | 0.5366% | 0.3145% | 0.5610% | 0.2752% | | | | | | | | | | |
| 64 | 0.7731% | 0.4343% | 0.8082% | 0.3800% | | | | | | | | | | |
| Multiplier | 110% | 80% | 115% | 70% | | | | | | | | | | |

d. Rates of Withdrawal

Rate of withdrawal for active members prior to eligibility for retirement are for each employee group and differ by gender and service. Sample rates are shown in the tables below.

| Withdrawal Rates - Male General Employees | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------|----------|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Ago | | | | | | Y | Years of | Servic | e | | | | | | |
| Age | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| 25 | 0.329 | 0.247 | 0.190 | 0.155 | 0.134 | 0.117 | 0.096 | 0.078 | 0.065 | 0.059 | 0.066 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 30 | 0.294 | 0.221 | 0.173 | 0.142 | 0.124 | 0.109 | 0.095 | 0.082 | 0.070 | 0.060 | 0.053 | 0.047 | 0.044 | 0.042 | 0.039 |
| 35 | 0.268 | 0.200 | 0.155 | 0.129 | 0.112 | 0.101 | 0.092 | 0.082 | 0.072 | 0.059 | 0.042 | 0.047 | 0.044 | 0.042 | 0.039 |
| 40 | 0.246 | 0.180 | 0.138 | 0.114 | 0.100 | 0.092 | 0.086 | 0.079 | 0.069 | 0.055 | 0.033 | 0.042 | 0.042 | 0.042 | 0.039 |
| 45 | 0.226 | 0.164 | 0.123 | 0.100 | 0.088 | 0.082 | 0.078 | 0.073 | 0.064 | 0.049 | 0.027 | 0.039 | 0.036 | 0.034 | 0.032 |
| 50 | 0.208 | 0.150 | 0.111 | 0.089 | 0.077 | 0.072 | 0.068 | 0.063 | 0.055 | 0.042 | 0.022 | 0.029 | 0.029 | 0.029 | 0.029 |
| 55 | 0.194 | 0.141 | 0.104 | 0.081 | 0.069 | 0.060 | 0.054 | 0.049 | 0.042 | 0.033 | 0.021 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.020 |
| 60 | 0.183 | 0.135 | 0.100 | 0.077 | 0.063 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 1 90 | | | | | | Yea | ars of S | ervice (| Continu | ied) | | | | | |
| Age | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 3+ |
| 25 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 000 |
| 30 | 0.036 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 000 |
| 35 | 0.036 | 0.034 | 0.032 | 0.029 | 0.027 | 0.025 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 000 |
| 40 | 0.036 | 0.034 | 0.032 | 0.029 | 0.027 | 0.025 | 0.023 | 0.022 | 0.020 | 0.018 | 0.017 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 000 |
| 45 | 0.029 | 0.029 | 0.029 | 0.029 | 0.027 | 0.025 | 0.023 | 0.022 | 0.020 | 0.018 | 0.017 | 0.016 | 0.014 | 0.0 | 000 |
| 50 | 0.029 | 0.027 | 0.025 | 0.023 | 0.022 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.018 | 0.017 | 0.016 | 0.014 | 0.0 | 000 |
| 55 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.018 | 0.017 | 0.016 | 0.014 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 000 |
| 60 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 000 |

| Withdrawal Rates - Female General Employees | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------|----------|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Ago | | | | | | | Years of | Servic | e | | | | | | |
| Age | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| 25 | 0.298 | 0.246 | 0.206 | 0.177 | 0.156 | 0.138 | 0.125 | 0.116 | 0.109 | 0.103 | 0.094 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 30 | 0.271 | 0.224 | 0.186 | 0.159 | 0.140 | 0.125 | 0.115 | 0.106 | 0.097 | 0.085 | 0.069 | 0.052 | 0.049 | 0.045 | 0.042 |
| 35 | 0.251 | 0.202 | 0.166 | 0.141 | 0.124 | 0.113 | 0.104 | 0.096 | 0.086 | 0.071 | 0.051 | 0.052 | 0.049 | 0.045 | 0.042 |
| 40 | 0.233 | 0.180 | 0.145 | 0.123 | 0.110 | 0.101 | 0.093 | 0.085 | 0.075 | 0.059 | 0.037 | 0.045 | 0.045 | 0.045 | 0.042 |
| 45 | 0.217 | 0.162 | 0.127 | 0.108 | 0.097 | 0.089 | 0.082 | 0.075 | 0.064 | 0.049 | 0.028 | 0.042 | 0.039 | 0.036 | 0.033 |
| 50 | 0.204 | 0.149 | 0.115 | 0.097 | 0.086 | 0.079 | 0.071 | 0.064 | 0.054 | 0.041 | 0.023 | 0.030 | 0.030 | 0.030 | 0.030 |
| 55 | 0.195 | 0.143 | 0.109 | 0.089 | 0.078 | 0.069 | 0.061 | 0.053 | 0.044 | 0.035 | 0.024 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.020 |
| 60 | 0.187 | 0.141 | 0.108 | 0.085 | 0.070 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| Ago | | | | | | Yea | ars of S | ervice (| Continu | ied) | | | | | |
| Age | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 3+ |
| 25 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 000 |
| 30 | 0.039 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 000 |
| 35 | 0.039 | 0.036 | 0.033 | 0.030 | 0.028 | 0.025 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 000 |
| 40 | 0.039 | 0.036 | 0.033 | 0.030 | 0.028 | 0.025 | 0.023 | 0.022 | 0.020 | 0.018 | 0.017 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 000 |
| 45 | 0.030 | 0.030 | 0.030 | 0.030 | 0.028 | 0.025 | 0.023 | 0.022 | 0.020 | 0.018 | 0.017 | 0.016 | 0.015 | 0.0 | 000 |
| 50 | 0.030 | 0.028 | 0.025 | 0.023 | 0.022 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.018 | 0.017 | 0.016 | 0.015 | 0.0 | 000 |
| 55 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.018 | 0.017 | 0.016 | 0.015 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 000 |
| 60 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 000 |

| Withdrawal Rates - Male Teachers | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------|----------|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Ago | | | | | | Y | Years of | Servic | e | | | | | | |
| Age | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| 25 | 0.296 | 0.203 | 0.138 | 0.097 | 0.072 | 0.058 | 0.051 | 0.051 | 0.052 | 0.054 | 0.056 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 30 | 0.272 | 0.192 | 0.136 | 0.099 | 0.078 | 0.066 | 0.061 | 0.058 | 0.054 | 0.048 | 0.039 | 0.027 | 0.026 | 0.025 | 0.025 |
| 35 | 0.253 | 0.182 | 0.132 | 0.099 | 0.081 | 0.071 | 0.066 | 0.061 | 0.054 | 0.043 | 0.027 | 0.027 | 0.026 | 0.025 | 0.025 |
| 40 | 0.237 | 0.173 | 0.127 | 0.098 | 0.082 | 0.073 | 0.068 | 0.062 | 0.053 | 0.039 | 0.020 | 0.025 | 0.025 | 0.025 | 0.025 |
| 45 | 0.224 | 0.165 | 0.123 | 0.096 | 0.081 | 0.073 | 0.067 | 0.060 | 0.050 | 0.036 | 0.017 | 0.025 | 0.024 | 0.023 | 0.023 |
| 50 | 0.214 | 0.159 | 0.119 | 0.094 | 0.079 | 0.070 | 0.063 | 0.055 | 0.046 | 0.034 | 0.017 | 0.022 | 0.022 | 0.022 | 0.022 |
| 55 | 0.206 | 0.155 | 0.117 | 0.091 | 0.074 | 0.065 | 0.056 | 0.048 | 0.040 | 0.032 | 0.022 | 0.017 | 0.017 | 0.017 | 0.017 |
| 60 | 0.200 | 0.152 | 0.114 | 0.087 | 0.067 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 1 90 | | | | | | Yea | ars of S | ervice (| Continu | ied) | | | | | |
| Age | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 3+ |
| 25 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 000 |
| 30 | 0.024 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 000 |
| 35 | 0.024 | 0.023 | 0.023 | 0.022 | 0.021 | 0.020 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 000 |
| 40 | 0.024 | 0.023 | 0.023 | 0.022 | 0.021 | 0.020 | 0.019 | 0.018 | 0.017 | 0.015 | 0.014 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 000 |
| 45 | 0.022 | 0.022 | 0.022 | 0.022 | 0.021 | 0.020 | 0.019 | 0.018 | 0.017 | 0.015 | 0.014 | 0.012 | 0.009 | 0.0 | 000 |
| 50 | 0.022 | 0.021 | 0.020 | 0.019 | 0.018 | 0.017 | 0.017 | 0.017 | 0.017 | 0.015 | 0.014 | 0.012 | 0.009 | 0.0 | 000 |
| 55 | 0.017 | 0.017 | 0.017 | 0.017 | 0.017 | 0.017 | 0.015 | 0.014 | 0.012 | 0.009 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 000 |
| 60 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 000 |

| Withdrawal Rates - Female Teachers | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------|----------|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Ago | | | | | | Y | Years of | Servic | e | | | | | | |
| Age | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| 25 | 0.230 | 0.161 | 0.121 | 0.101 | 0.089 | 0.084 | 0.083 | 0.080 | 0.073 | 0.066 | 0.060 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 30 | 0.227 | 0.166 | 0.126 | 0.101 | 0.088 | 0.080 | 0.075 | 0.070 | 0.062 | 0.053 | 0.043 | 0.032 | 0.030 | 0.028 | 0.026 |
| 35 | 0.217 | 0.160 | 0.121 | 0.097 | 0.083 | 0.075 | 0.068 | 0.062 | 0.054 | 0.043 | 0.030 | 0.032 | 0.030 | 0.028 | 0.026 |
| 40 | 0.204 | 0.148 | 0.111 | 0.088 | 0.076 | 0.068 | 0.062 | 0.055 | 0.048 | 0.037 | 0.021 | 0.028 | 0.028 | 0.028 | 0.026 |
| 45 | 0.193 | 0.136 | 0.100 | 0.080 | 0.068 | 0.062 | 0.056 | 0.050 | 0.044 | 0.033 | 0.016 | 0.026 | 0.024 | 0.023 | 0.021 |
| 50 | 0.187 | 0.130 | 0.094 | 0.074 | 0.063 | 0.057 | 0.052 | 0.048 | 0.042 | 0.032 | 0.015 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.020 |
| 55 | 0.188 | 0.131 | 0.094 | 0.073 | 0.063 | 0.054 | 0.051 | 0.047 | 0.042 | 0.033 | 0.019 | 0.013 | 0.013 | 0.013 | 0.013 |
| 60 | 0.195 | 0.138 | 0.099 | 0.076 | 0.066 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| ٨٩٩ | | | | | | Yea | ars of S | ervice (| Continu | ied) | | | | | |
| Age | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 3+ |
| 25 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 000 |
| 30 | 0.024 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 000 |
| 35 | 0.024 | 0.023 | 0.021 | 0.020 | 0.018 | 0.017 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 000 |
| 40 | 0.024 | 0.023 | 0.021 | 0.020 | 0.018 | 0.017 | 0.015 | 0.014 | 0.013 | 0.011 | 0.010 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 000 |
| 45 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.020 | 0.018 | 0.017 | 0.015 | 0.014 | 0.013 | 0.011 | 0.010 | 0.009 | 0.008 | 0.0 | 000 |
| 50 | 0.020 | 0.018 | 0.017 | 0.015 | 0.014 | 0.013 | 0.013 | 0.013 | 0.013 | 0.011 | 0.010 | 0.009 | 0.008 | 0.0 | 000 |
| 55 | 0.013 | 0.013 | 0.013 | 0.013 | 0.013 | 0.013 | 0.011 | 0.010 | 0.009 | 0.008 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 000 |
| 60 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0 | 000 |

Post Retirement Mortality

a. Healthy retirees and beneficiaries – The valuation assumes fully generational mortality. The base mortality table used is the RP-2000 Mortality Table (Public School District Employees utilize the White Collar adjustment), adjusted by multipliers documented in the table below. Future mortality improvements are assumed each year using Scale AA. The following are sample rates:

| Nondisabled Annuitant Mortality Rates Before Projection (Multiplier Applied) | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|----------|----------|----------|--|--|
| 1 | General Employees | | Teachers | | | |
| Age | Males | Females | Males | Females | | |
| 50 | 0.2138% | 0.1508% | 0.2176% | 0.1510% | | |
| 55 | 0.3624% | 0.2445% | 0.3632% | 0.2457% | | |
| 60 | 0.6747% | 0.4550% | 0.6141% | 0.4443% | | |
| 65 | 1.2737% | 0.8735% | 1.2167% | 0.8218% | | |
| 70 | 2.2206% | 1.5068% | 2.1203% | 1.4426% | | |
| 75 | 3.7834% | 2.5295% | 3.6997% | 2.4431% | | |
| 80 | 6.4368% | 4.1291% | 6.5353% | 4.0926% | | |
| 85 | 11.0757% | 6.9701% | 11.5132% | 7.0483% | | |
| 90 | 18.3408% | 11.8514% | 19.6100% | 11.9843% | | |
| Multiplier | 100% | 90% | 110% | 95% | | |

The following table provides the life expectancy for individuals retiring in future years based on the assumption with full generational projection:

| Life | Life Expectancy for an Age 65 Retiree in Years | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--|------|------|------|--|--|
| Employee Type | Year of Retirement | | | | | |
| | 2015 | 2020 | 2025 | 2030 | | |
| General Employee – Male | 19.6 | 20.0 | 20.4 | 20.7 | | |
| General Employee – Female | 22.3 | 22.5 | 22.7 | 22.9 | | |
| Teacher – Male | 19.5 | 19.9 | 20.3 | 20.6 | | |
| Teacher - Female | 22.4 | 22.6 | 22.8 | 22.9 | | |

b. A separate table of mortality rates is used for disabled retirees based on the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table. The following are sample rates:

| Disabled Annuitant Mortality Rates (Multiplier Applied) | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|----------|----------|----------|--|--|
| Age | General Employees | | Teachers | | | |
| | Males | Females | Males | Females | | |
| 50 | 2.4629% | 1.2689% | 2.1731% | 1.2689% | | |
| 55 | 3.0126% | 1.8198% | 2.6581% | 1.8198% | | |
| 60 | 3.5736% | 2.4023% | 3.1531% | 2.4023% | | |
| 65 | 4.2648% | 3.0829% | 3.7631% | 3.0829% | | |
| 70 | 5.3196% | 4.1398% | 4.6937% | 4.1398% | | |
| 75 | 6.9757% | 5.7453% | 6.1550% | 5.7453% | | |
| 80 | 9.2966% | 7.9543% | 8.2029% | 7.9543% | | |
| 85 | 12.0363% | 11.0223% | 10.6202% | 11.0223% | | |
| 90 | 15.5897% | 15.4054% | 13.7556% | 15.4054% | | |
| Multiplier | 85% | 110% | 75% | 110% | | |

Asset Valuation Method

The actuarial value of assets is based on the market value of assets with five-year smoothing applied. This is accomplished by recognizing each year 20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets, based upon the assumed valuation rate of return.

Expected earnings are determined using the assumed investment rate of return and the beginning of year actuarial value of assets (adjusted for receipts and disbursements during the year). The returns are computed net of administrative and investment expenses.

Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method allocates the System's actuarial present value of future benefits to various periods based upon service. The portion of the present value of future benefits allocated to years of service prior to the valuation date is the actuarial accrued liability, and the portion allocated to years following the valuation date is the present value of future normal costs. The normal cost is determined for each active member as the level percent of payroll necessary to fully fund the expected benefits to be earned over the career of each individual active member. The normal cost is partially funded with active member contributions with the remainder funded by employer contributions.

An unfunded accrued liability exists in the amount equal to the excess of accrued liability over valuation assets. The amortization period of the System is the number of years required to fully amortize the unfunded accrued liability with the expected amount of employer contributions in excess of the employers' portion of the normal cost.

The calculation of the amortization period takes into account scheduled increases to contribution rates applicable to future years and payroll growth. Also, the calculation of the amortization period reflects additional contributions the System receives with respect to post July 1, 2005 TERI participants, ORP participants and return to work retirees. These contributions are assumed to grow at the same payroll growth rate as for active SCRS employees. It is assumed that amortization payments are made monthly at the end of the month.

Unused Annual Leave

To account for the effect of unused annual leave in Annual Final Compensation (AFC) of Class Two members, the AFC for Class Two members is increased 2.14% at their date of retirement.

Unused Sick Leave

To account for the effect of unused sick leave on credited service for Class Two members, the service of active Class Two members who retire is increased 3 months.

Future Post-Retirement Benefit Adjustments

Benefits are assumed to increase by the lesser of 1.00% annually or \$500 beginning on the July 1^{st} following the receipt of 12 monthly benefit payments. The \$500 limit in the annual increase is not indexed to escalate in future years.

Payroll Growth Rate

The total annual payroll of active members (also applies to TERI, ORP and rehired retiree participants) is assumed to increase at an annual rate of 3.50%. This rate represents the underlying expected annual rate of wage inflation and does not anticipate increases in the number of members.

Other Assumptions

- 1. Valuation payroll (used for determining the amortization contribution rate): Prior fiscal year payroll projected forward one year using the overall payroll growth rate. This was determined separately for TERI, and return to work employees by dividing the actual member contributions received during the prior fiscal year by the member contribution rate in effect for that year, and then projecting that amount forward one year.
- 2. Individual salaries used to project benefits: Actual salaries from the past fiscal year are used to determine the final average salary as of the valuation date. For future salaries, the salary from the last fiscal year is projected forward with one year's salary scale.
- 3. Pay increase timing: Beginning of (fiscal) year. This is equivalent to assuming that reported salaries represent amounts paid to members during the year ended on the valuation date.
- 4. Percent married: 100% of male and 100% of female employees are assumed to be married.
- 5. Age difference: Males are assumed to be three years older than their spouses.
- 6. Percent electing annuity on death (when eligible): All of the spouses of vested, married participants are assumed to elect an immediate life annuity.
- 7. Inactive Population: All non-vested members are assumed to take an immediate refund. Members with a vested benefit are assumed to elect a refund or a deferred benefit commencing at age 65, whichever is more valuable at the valuation date.
- 8. There will be no recoveries once disabled.
- 9. Decrement timing: Decrements of all types are assumed to occur mid-year.
- 10. Eligibility testing: Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest birthday and service nearest whole year on the date the decrement is assumed to occur.

- 11. Decrement relativity: Decrement rates are used directly from the experience study, without adjustment for multiple decrement table effects.
- 12. Incidence of Contributions: Contributions are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based upon the computed percent of payroll shown in this report, and the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made.
- 13. Benefit Service: All members are assumed to accrue one year of eligibility service each year.
- 14. All calculations were performed without regard to the compensation limit in IRC Section 401(a)(17) and the benefit limit under IRC Section 415.

Participant Data

Participant data was supplied in electronic text files. There were separate files for (i) active and inactive members, and (ii) members and beneficiaries receiving benefits.

The data for active members included birth date, gender, service with the current city and total vesting service, salary, and employee contribution account balances. For retired members and beneficiaries, the data included date of birth, gender, spouse's date of birth (where applicable), amount of monthly benefit, date of retirement, and form of payment code.

Salary supplied for the current year was based on the annualized earnings for the year preceding the valuation date.

Assumptions were made to correct for missing, bad, or inconsistent data. These had no material impact on the results presented.

APPENDIX B BENEFIT PROVISIONS

SUMMARY OF BENEFIT PROVISIONS FOR SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SCRS)

Effective Date: July 1, 1945.

Administration: The South Carolina Retirement System, organizationally aligned as a Division of the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority, is responsible for the general administrative operations and day to day management of the Plan.

Type of Plan: This is a qualified governmental defined benefit retirement plan. Under GASB 25, it is considered to be a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan.

Eligibility: This System covers all permanent full-time or part-time employees of a covered employer (i.e. public school, state employer, city, county, and other local public governmental entity), unless specifically exempted by Statute or participate in the State Optional Retirement Program (ORP).

Employee Contributions: Members contributed 7.00%, 7.50% of earnable compensation for FY 2013 and 2014 respectively. The member contribution rate for FY 2015 and thereafter is 8.00%. Furthermore, in the event that these contribution rates are insufficient to maintain a 30-year amortization period, the Board shall increase the employer and member contribution rates by an equal amount (i.e. maintain at least a 2.90% differential between the employer and member rates) as necessary to maintain a 30-year funding period. The employer and member contribution rates may not decrease until the plan attains a 90% funded ratio. These contributions are "picked-up" under Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code. Contributions are credited with interest at the rate of 4.0% per annum while the member is actively employed.

Average Final Compensation (AFC): The monthly average of the member's highest 12 consecutive quarters of earnable compensation (highest 20 consecutive quarters for Class Three members, members who are hired after June 30, 2012). Earnable compensation is the compensation that would be payable to a member if the member worked a full, normal working time, which includes gross salary, sick pay, and deferrals. Compensation due to overtime earned after December 31, 2012 will not be included unless that compensation is for time that is mandated by the employer.

The calculation of the AFC for Class One and Class Two members also includes up to 45 days pay for unused annual leave paid at termination. Members joining the System after January 1, 1996, have their compensation limited in accordance with IRC Section 401(a)(17) for determining benefits.

Service Retirement (Unreduced):

- a. <u>Eligibility</u>: Class Two members may retire with an unreduced benefit at age 65 with five years of earned service or after 28 years of creditable service, if earlier. Class Three members may retire with an unreduced benefit at age 65 with eight years of earned service or after the satisfying the rule of 90 (i.e. age plus credited service equals or exceeds 90).
- b. <u>Monthly Benefit</u>: 1.82% times the member's AFC times their years of creditable service.
- c. <u>Payment Forms</u>: Maximum retirement allowance (Option A) and survivor allowances under Options B and C.

Service Retirement (Reduced):

- a. <u>Eligibility</u>: Class Two members may retire with a reduced benefit upon attaining: (1) age 55 with 25 years of creditable service (minimum of 5 years of earned service), or (2) age 60 with five years of earned service. Class Three members may retire with a reduced benefit upon attaining age 60 with eight years of earned service.
- b. <u>Reduction</u>: A Class Two member's benefit will be reduced by either an age or service based reduction factor described below, whichever results in the most favorable benefit. A Class Three member's benefit will be reduced by the age based reduction factor described below.

Age Based: Members retiring after age 60 will have their benefit reduced at the rate of 5% per year for each year of their retirement age precedes age 65.

Service Based: 4% per year for each year of creditable service that is less than 28.

c. <u>Payment Forms</u>: Maximum retirement allowance (Option A) and survivor allowances under Options B and C.

Disability Retirement:

- a. <u>Eligibility</u>: The eligibility for a disability retirement will be based upon the member's entitlement for Social Security disability benefits.
- b. <u>Monthly Benefit</u>: The net monthly disability benefit payable is equal to the member's benefit based on their credited service and AFC at the time of their disability.
- c. <u>Payment Form</u>: Maximum retirement allowance (Option A) and survivor allowances under Options B and C.
- d. <u>Death while Disabled</u>: A disabled member is treated as a retired member for purposes of determining a death benefit.

Vesting and Refunds:

- a. <u>Eligibility</u>: All members who are not vested are eligible for a refund when they terminate service. Class Two members are vested after five (5) years of earned service. Class Three members are vested after eight (8) years of earned service. Vested members may also elect to receive a refund in lieu of the deferred termination benefit described below.
- b. <u>Amount</u>: The refund benefit is the accumulated value of the member's contributions plus interest credited by the fund while they were actively employed. Members do not earn interest on their employee contribution account balance while they are inactive.

Deferred Termination Benefit:

- a. <u>Eligibility</u>: Member must be vested (i.e. 5 years of earned service for Class Two members and 8 years of earned service for Class Three members) and must elect to leave his/her contributions on deposit.
- b. <u>Monthly Benefit</u>: Same as the unreduced or reduced service retirement benefit, based on service and AFC at termination, and commencing once the member is eligible.
- c. <u>Payment Form</u>: Maximum retirement allowance (Option A).
- d. <u>Death Benefit</u>: The beneficiary of an inactive member who dies is entitled to receive the amount of the member's accumulated contributions (with interest). If the member met service eligibility requirement at their time of death, the beneficiary is eligible for a monthly survivor annuity benefit.

Death while an Active Contributing Member:

- a. <u>In General</u>: A refund of the member's accumulated contributions (with interest) is paid to the beneficiary of a deceased member.
- b. <u>Beneficiary Annuity</u>: If the deceased member (i) attained 5 or more years of earned service and (ii) had attained the age of 60 or had accumulated 15 or more years of creditable service, may elect to receive, in lieu of the accumulated contributions, a monthly benefit for life of the beneficiary determined under "Option B" described under the Optional Forms of Benefit. For purposes of the benefit calculation, a member under the age of 60 with less than 28 years of creditable service is assumed to be 60 years of age and no age reduction applies.

Optional Forms of Benefit: The System permits members to elect from three forms of benefit at retirement. In each case the benefit amount is adjusted to be actuarially equivalent to the "Option A" form. The optional forms are:

a. <u>Option A (Maximum Retirement Allowance)</u>: A life annuity. Upon the member's death, any remaining member contributions will be paid to the member's designated beneficiary.

- b. <u>Option B (100% Joint & Survivor with Pop-up)</u>: A reduced annuity payable as long as either the member or his/her spouse is living. In the event the member's designated beneficiary predeceases the member, then the member shall receive a retirement allowance equal to the maximum retirement allowance (Option A), plus any applicable cost of living increases that would have been granted.
- c. <u>Option C (50% Joint & Survivor with Pop-up)</u>: A reduced annuity payable during the member's life, and continues after the member's death at 50% of the rate paid to the member for the life of the member's designated beneficiary. In the event the member's designated beneficiary predeceases the member, then the member shall receive a retirement allowance equal to the maximum retirement allowance (Option A), plus any applicable cost of living increases that would have been granted.

Incidental Death Benefit:

a. <u>Active Employees</u>: The beneficiary (or estate) of an active employee of an employer participating in the Preretirement Death Benefit Program who completes at least one full year of membership service, will receive a death benefit equal to the member's annual earnable compensation at the time of death.

The one-year membership requirement is waived for members whose death is a result of an injury arising out of and in the course of performing his duties.

For purposes of incidental death benefits, active employees include those members who are receiving a retirement allowance and are actively reemployed with a participating employer.

b. <u>Post Employment</u>: The beneficiary (or estate) of a retiree, both current and future retiree, of an employer participating in the Preretirement Death Benefit Program will receive a one-time payment upon the retiree's death. The amount of the one-time payment is based on the retiree's years of credited service at retirement.

| Years of Service Credit | Death Benefit | |
|------------------------------|---------------|--|
| 10 or more, but less than 20 | \$2,000 | |
| 20 or more, but less than 28 | \$4,000 | |
| 28 or more | \$6,000 | |

Postretirement Benefit Increases: Benefits paid to retired members or surviving spouses are increased annually in an amount equal to the lesser of 1.00% of the pension benefit or \$500. The \$500 limit in the annual increase is not indexed to escalate in future years.

A member electing a reduced early retirement is ineligible to receive a COLA until the second July 1 after the earlier of:

(1) the member attains age 60, or

(2) the member would have 28 years of creditable service had he not retired.

Teacher and Employee Retention Incentive Program (TERI):

- a. <u>Eligibility</u>: Active member eligible for a service retirement benefit.
- b. <u>Benefits</u>: A member electing to participate in the program agrees to continue employment for a period not to exceed five years. During this period, the member's service retirement benefit is placed in the system's trust fund on behalf of the member. No interest is paid on the member's deferred monthly benefit during the program period. Upon termination of the program, the member must receive the balance in the account.
- c. <u>Other Adjustments</u>: After June 30, 2005, the System shall recalculate the member's final compensation to reflect compensation increases earned after participating in the program. The AFC shall also include up to 45 days of unused annual leave.
- d. <u>Death while in TERI</u>: If a member dies during the program period, the member's designated beneficiary will receive a distribution of the balance of benefits accumulated in the member's TERI account.
- e. No members may participate in TERI after June 30, 2018.

APPENDIX C GLOSSARY

GLOSSARY

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL): That portion, as determined by a particular Actuarial Cost Method, of the Actuarial Present Value of Future Plan Benefits which is not provided for by future Normal Costs. It is equal to the Actuarial Present Value of Future Plan Benefits minus the actuarial present value of future Normal Costs.

Actuarial Assumptions: Assumptions as to future experience under the Fund. These include assumptions about the occurrence of future events affecting costs or liabilities, such as:

- mortality, withdrawal, disablement, and retirement;
- future increases in salary;
- future rates of investment earnings and future investment and administrative expenses;
- characteristics of members not specified in the data, such as marital status;
- characteristics of future members;
- future elections made by members; and
- other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method or *Funding Method*: A procedure for allocating the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits to various time periods; a method used to determine the Normal Cost and the Actuarial Accrued Liability. These items are used to determine the ARC.

Actuarial Gain or Actuarial Loss: A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of Actuarial Assumptions, during the period between two Actuarial Valuation dates. Through the actuarial assumptions, rates of decrements, rates of salary increases, and rates of fund earnings have been forecasted. To the extent that actual experience differs from that assumed, Actuarial Accrued Liabilities emerge which may be the same as forecasted, or may be larger or smaller than projected. Actuarial gains are due to favorable experience, e.g., the Fund's assets earn more than projected, salaries do not increase as fast as assumed, members retire later than assumed, etc. Favorable experience means actual results produce actuarial liabilities not as large as projected by the actuarial assumptions. On the other hand, actuarial losses are the result of unfavorable experience, i.e., actual results that produce actuarial liabilities which are larger than projected. Actuarial gains will shorten the time required for funding of the actuarial balance sheet deficiency while actuarial losses will lengthen the funding period.

Actuarially Equivalent: Of equal actuarial present value, determined as of a given date and based on a given set of Actuarial Assumptions.

Actuarial Present Value (APV): The value of an amount or series of amounts payable or receivable at various times, determined as of a given date by the application of a particular set of Actuarial Assumptions. For purposes of this standard, each such amount or series of amounts is:

a. adjusted for the probable financial effect of certain intervening events (such as changes in compensation levels, marital status, etc.)

b. multiplied by the probability of the occurrence of an event (such as survival, death, disability, termination of employment, etc.) on which the payment is conditioned, and

c. discounted according to an assumed rate (or rates) of return to reflect the time value of money.

Actuarial Present Value of Future Plan Benefits: The Actuarial Present Value of those benefit amounts which are expected to be paid at various future times under a particular set of Actuarial Assumptions, taking into account such items as the effect of advancement in age and past and anticipated future compensation and service credits. The Actuarial Present Value of Future Plan Benefits includes the liabilities for active members, retired members, beneficiaries receiving benefits, and inactive, nonretired members either entitled to a refund or a future retirement benefit. Expressed another way, it is the value that would have to be invested on the valuation date so that the amount invested plus investment earnings would provide sufficient assets to pay all projected benefits and expenses when due.

Actuarial Valuation: The determination, as of a valuation date, of the Normal Cost, Actuarial Accrued Liability, Actuarial Value of Assets, and related Actuarial Present Values for a plan. An Actuarial valuation for a governmental retirement system typically also includes calculations of items needed for compliance with GASB 25, such as the funded ratio and the ARC.

Actuarial Value of Assets or Valuation Assets: The value of the Fund's assets as of a given date, used by the actuary for valuation purposes. This may be the market or fair value of plan assets, but commonly actuaries use a smoothed value in order to reduce the year-to-year volatility of calculated results, such as the funded ratio and the ARC.

Actuarially Determined: Values which have been determined utilizing the principles of actuarial science. An actuarially determined value is derived by application of the appropriate actuarial assumptions to specified values determined by provisions of the law.

Amortization Method: A method for determining the Amortization Payment. The most common methods used are level dollar and level percentage of payroll. Under the Level Dollar method, the Amortization Payment is one of a stream of payments, all equal, whose Actuarial Present Value is equal to the UAAL. Under the Level Percentage of Pay method, the Amortization payment is one of a stream of increasing payments, whose Actuarial Present Value is equal to the UAAL. Under the Level Percentage of Pay method, the Stream of payments increases at the assumed rate at which total covered payroll of all active members will increase.

Amortization Payment: That portion of the pension plan contribution or ARC which is designed to pay interest on and to amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.

Annual Required Contribution (ARC): The employer's periodic required contributions, expressed as a dollar amount or a percentage of covered plan compensation, determined under GASB 25. The ARC consists of the Employer Normal Cost and the Amortization Payment.

Closed Amortization Period: A specific number of years that is counted down by one each year, and therefore declines to zero with the passage of time. For example if the amortization period is initially set at 30 years, it is 29 years at the end of one year, 28 years at the end of two years, etc. See Funding Period and Open Amortization Period.

Decrements: Those causes/events due to which a member's status (active-inactive-retiree-beneficiary) changes, that is: death, retirement, disability, or termination.

Defined Benefit Plan: A retirement plan that is not a Defined Contribution Plan. Typically a defined benefit plan is one in which benefits are defined by a formula applied to the member's compensation and/or years of service.

Defined Contribution Plan: A retirement plan, such as a 401(k) plan, a 403(b) plan, or a 457 plan, in which the contributions to the plan are assigned to an account for each member, and the plan's earnings are allocated to each account, and each member's benefits are a direct function of the account balance.

Employer Normal Cost: The portion of the Normal Cost to be paid by the employers. This is equal to the Normal Cost less expected member contributions.

Experience Study: A periodic review and analysis of the actual experience of the Fund which may lead to a revision of one or more actuarial assumptions. Actual rates of decrement and salary increases are compared to the actuarially assumed values and modified as deemed appropriate by the Actuary.

Funded Ratio: The ratio of the actuarial value of assets (AVA) to the actuarial accrued liability (AAL). Plans sometimes calculate a market funded ratio, using the market value of assets (MVA), rather than the AVA, although GASB 25 reporting requires the use of the AVA.

Funding Period or *Amortization Period*: The term "Funding Period" is used two ways. In the first sense, it is the period used in calculating the Amortization Payment as a component of the ARC. This funding period is chosen by the Board of Trustees. In the second sense, it is a calculated item: the number of years in the future that will theoretically be required to amortize (i.e., pay off or eliminate) the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability, based on the statutory employer contribution rate, and assuming no future actuarial gains or losses.

GASB: Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

GASB 25 and *GASB 27*: Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 25 and No. 27. These are the governmental accounting standards that set the accounting rules for public retirement systems and the employers that sponsor or contribute to them. Statement No. 27 sets the accounting rules for the employers that sponsor or contribute to public retirement systems, while Statement No. 25 sets the rules for the systems themselves.

Normal Cost: That portion of the Actuarial Present Value of pension plan benefits and expenses which is allocated to a valuation year by the Actuarial Cost Method. Any payment in respect of an Unfunded

Actuarial Accrued Liability is not part of Normal Cost (see Amortization Payment). For pension plan benefits which are provided in part by employee contributions, Normal Cost refers to the total of employee contributions and employer Normal Cost unless otherwise specifically stated. Under the entry age normal cost method, the Normal Cost is intended to be the level cost (when expressed as a percentage of pay) needed to fund the benefits of a member from hire until ultimate termination, death, disability or retirement.

Open Amortization Period: An open amortization period is one which is used to determine the Amortization Payment but which does not change over time. In other words, if the initial period is set as 30 years, the same 30-year period is used in determining the Amortization Period each year. In theory, if an Open Amortization Period is used to amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability, the UAAL will never completely disappear, but will become smaller each year, either as a dollar amount or in relation to covered payroll.

Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability: The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. This value may be negative in which case it may be expressed as a negative Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability, also called the Funding Surplus.

Valuation Date or Actuarial Valuation Date: The date as of which the value of assets is determined and as of which the Actuarial Present Value of Future Plan Benefits is determined. The expected benefits to be paid in the future are discounted to this date.